

Patañjali

Pātañjalayogaśāstra

— Yogasūtra with Bhāṣya — A SARIT edition

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oṁ tatsadbrahmaṇe namaḥ vācaspatikṛtaṭīkāsaṁvalit-
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adbrahmaṇe namaḥvācaspatikṛtaṭīkāsaṁvalitavyāsabhā-
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athamaḥ |) (atha vyāsabhāṣyam |)

1 [Maṅgalam]

yas tyaktvā rūpam ādyam prabhavati
 jagato+anekadhānugrahāya
 prakṣīṇakleśarāśir
 viśamaviśadharo+anekavaktraḥ subhogī /
 sarvajñānaprasūtir bhujagaparikaraḥ pṛitaye
 yasya nityam
 devo+ahīśah sa vo+avyāt sitavimalatanur
 yogado yogayuktah //1//^{§ 4}

2 [Samādhipādah]

atha yogānuśāsanam § 5
 athety ayam adhikārārthaḥ. yogānuśāsanam śāstram
 adhikṛtam veditavyam. yogah samādhih. sa ca sārvabha-
 umaś cittasya dharmah. kṣiptam mūḍham vikṣiptam ekā-
 5 gram niruddham iti cittabhūmayah. tatra vikṣipte cetasi vi-
 kṣepopasarjanībhūtaḥ samādhir na yogapakṣe vartate. § 6
 yas tv ekāgre cetasi sadbhūtam artham pradyotayati
 kṣiṇoti ca kleśān karmabandhanāni ślathayati nirodham
 abhimukham karoti sa samprajñāto yoga ity ākhyāyate. sa
 10 ca vitarkānugato vicārānugata ānandānugato 'smitānug-
 ata ity upariṣṭān nivedayiṣyāmah. sarvavṛttinirodhe tv as-
 amprajñātaḥ samādhih. § 7
 tasya lakṣaṇābhidhitsayedam sūtram pravavṛte --- § 8

yogaś cittavṛttinirodhah § 9

sarvaśabdāgraḥāṇāt samprajñāto 'pi yoga ity ākhyāy-
 ate. cittam hi prakhyāpravṛttisthitiśīlatvāt triguṇam. § 10
 prakhyārūpam hi cittasattvam rajastamobhyām sams-
 5 rṣṭam aiśvaryaviṣayapriyam bhavati. tad eva tamasānu-
 viddham adharmājñānāvairāgyānaiśvaryopagam bhavati.
 tad eva prakṣīṇamohāvaraṇam sarvataḥ pradyotamānam
 anuviddhām rajomātrayā dharmajñānavairāgyaiśvaryop-
 agam bhavati. § 11

tad eva rajoleśamalāpetam svarūpapratīṣṭham sattv-apuruṣanyatākhyātimātram dharmameghadhyānopagam bhavati. tat param prasāmkhyānam ity ācakṣate dhyāyi-naḥ. citiśaktir apariṇāminy apratisamkramā darśitaviṣayā śuddhā cānantā ca sattvaguṇātmikā ceyam ato viparītā vi- 5 vekakhyātir iti. atas tasyām viraktam cittam tām api khyā-tim niruṇaddhi. tadavastham saṃskāropagam bhavati. sa nirbījaḥ samādhiḥ. na tatra kiṃcit saṃprajñāyata ity asa- mprajñātaḥ. dvividhaḥ sa yogaś cittavṛttinirodha iti. § 12

tadavasthe cetasi viṣayābhāvād buddhibodhātmā pur- 10 uṣaḥ kiṃsvabhāva iti --- § 13

[YS 1.3] **tadā draṣṭuh svarūpe 'vasthānam** § 14

svarūpapratīṣṭhā tadānīm citiśaktir yathā kaivalye. vy-
utthānacitte tu sati tathāpi bhavantī na tathā. § 15
katham tarhi, darśitaviṣayatvāt --- § 16

[YS 1.4] **vṛttisārūpyam itaratra** § 17

vyutthāne yāś cittavṛttayas tadaviśiṣṭavṛttiḥ puruṣaḥ. tathā ca sūtram ekam eva darśanam khyātir eva darśanam iti. cittam ayaskāntamaṇikalpam saṃnidhimātropakāri dṛ-
śyatvena svam bhavati puruṣasya svāminaḥ. tasmāc citta- 5 vṛttibodhe puruṣasyānādiḥ saṃbandho hetuh. § 18
tāḥ punar niroddhavyā bahutve sati cittasya --- § 19

[YS 1.5] **vṛttayah pañcatayyaḥ kliṣṭākliṣṭāḥ** § 20

kleśahetukāḥ karmāśayapracaye kṣetrībhūtāḥ kliṣṭāḥ. khyātiviṣayā guṇādhikāravirodhinyo 'kliṣṭāḥ. kliṣṭapravā-
hapatitā apy akliṣṭāḥ. kliṣṭacchidreṣv apy akliṣṭā bhavanti. akliṣṭacchideṣu kliṣṭā iti. tathājātiyakāḥ saṃskārā vṛttibhir 5 eva kriyante. saṃskāraiś ca vṛttaya iti. evam vṛttisamskār-
acakram aniśam āvartate. tad evam bhūtam cittam avasitā-
dhikāram ātmakalpena vyavatiṣṭhate pralayam vā gaccha-
tīti. tāḥ kliṣṭāś cākliṣṭāś ca pañcadhā vṛttayah. § 21

[YS 1.6] **pramāṇaviparyayavikalpanidrāsmṛtayah** § 22

[YS 1.7] **pratyaksānumānāgamaḥ pramāṇāni** § 23

indriyapraṇālikayā cittasya bāhyavastūparāgāt tadvिश-
ayā sāmānyaviśeṣātmano 'rthasya viśeṣāvadhāraṇapradh-
ānā vṛttiḥ pratyakṣam̄ pramāṇam. phalam aviśiṣṭah paur-
useyaś cittavṛttibodhaḥ. pratisamvedī puruṣa ity upariṣṭād
5 upapādayiṣyāmaḥ. § 24

anumeyasya tulyajātīyeśv anuvṛtto bhinnajātīyebhyo
vyāvṛttah saṃbandho yas tadvिशayā sāmānyāvadhāraṇa-
pradhānā vṛttir anumānam. yathā deśāntaraprāptter gati-
mac candratārakam̄ caitravat, vindhyaś cāprāptir agatih.
10 āptena dṛṣṭo 'numito vārthaḥ paratra svabodhasaṃkrānt-
aye śabdenopadiṣyate, śabdāt tadarthaviśayā vṛttiḥ śrotur
āgamaḥ. yasyāśraddheyārtho vaktā na dṛṣṭānumitārthaḥ
sa āgamaḥ plavate. mūlavaktari tu dṛṣṭānumitārthe nirvi-
plavaḥ syāt. § 25

viparyayo mithyājñānam atadrūpapratiṣṭham

§ 26

[YS 1.8]

sa kasmān na pramāṇam. yataḥ pramāṇena bādhya. bhūtārthaviśayatvāt pramāṇasya. tatra pramāṇena bādh-
5 anam apramāṇasya dṛṣṭam. tadyathā dvicandradarśanam̄ sadviṣayeṇaikacandradarśanena bādhyata iti. seyam pañc-
aparvā bhavaty avidyā. avidyāsmiṭārāgadvesābhiniveśāḥ kleśā iti. eta eva svasaṃjñābhīs tamo moho mahāmohas tā-
misro 'ndhatāmisra iti. ete cittamalaprasaṅgenābhidhāsy-
10 ante. § 27

śabdajñānānupātī vastuśūnyo vikalpah

§ 28

sa na pramāṇopārohī. na viparyayopārohī ca. vastuś-
ūnyatve+api śabdajñānamāhātmyanibandhano vyavahāro
drśyate. tad yathā caitanyam̄ puruṣasya svarūpam iti. yadā
5 citir eva puruṣas tadā kim atra kena vyapadiṣyate. § 29

bhavati ca vyapadeśe vṛttiḥ. yathā caitrasya gaur iti.
tathā pratiṣiddhavastudharma niṣkriyah puruṣah, tiṣṭhati
bāṇah sthāsyati sthita iti. gatinivṛttau dhātvarthamātram̄
gamyate. tathānutpattidharmā puruṣa iti, utpattidharma-
10 syābhāvamātram̄ avagamyate na puruṣānvayī dharmah.
tasmād vikalpitah sa dharmas tena cāsti vyavahāra iti. § 30

2. [SAMĀDHIPĀDAH]

[YS 1.10] **abhāvapratyayālambanā vṛttir nidrā** § 31

sā ca samprabodhe pratyavamarśāt pratyayaviśeṣah.
katham, sukham aham asvāpsam. prasannam me manah.
prajñām me viśāradīkaroti. duḥkham aham asvāpsam. sty-
ānam me mano bhramaty anavasthitam gādham mūḍho
'ham asvāpsam. gurūṇi me gātrāṇi. klāntam me cittam. al-
asam muśitam iva tiṣṭhatīti. sa khalv ayam prabuddhasya
pratyavamarśo na syād asati pratyayānubhave tadāśritāḥ
smṛtayś ca tadviṣayā na syuḥ. tasmāt pratyayaviśeṣo nidrā.
sā ca samādhāv itarapratyayavan niroddhavyeti. § 32

5

10

[YS 1.11] **anubhūtaviṣayāsampramoṣah smṛtiḥ** § 33

kim pratyayasya cittam smaraty āhosvid viṣayasyeti.
grāhyoparaktaḥ pratyayo grāhyagrahaṇobhayākāranirbh-
āśas tajjātīyakam samskāram ārabhate. sa samskāraḥ sv-
avyañjakāñjanas tadākārām eva grāhyagrahaṇobhayātmī-
kām smṛtim janayati. § 34

5

tatra grahaṇākārapūrvā buddhiḥ. grāhyākārapūrvā
smṛtiḥ. sā ca dvayī --- bhāvitasmartavyā cābhāvitasmarta-
vyā ca. svapne bhāvitasmartavyā. jāgratsamaye tv abhāvi-
tasmartavyeti. sarvāḥ smṛtayah pramāṇaviparyayavikalp-
anidrāsmṛtinām anubhavāt prabhavanti. sarvāś caitā vṛttā-
yah sukhaduḥkhamohātmikāḥ. sukhaduḥkhamohāś ca kl-
ešeṣu vyākhyeyāḥ. sukhānuśayī rāgaḥ. duḥkhānuśayī dv-
eṣaḥ. mohah punar avidyeti. § 35

10

etāḥ sarvā vṛttayo niroddhavyāḥ. āśām nirodhe sampr-
ajñāto vā samādhir bhavaty asamprajñāto veti. § 36

15

athāśām nirodhe ka upāya iti --- § 37

[YS 1.12] **abhyāsavairāgyābhyām tannirodhaḥ** § 38

cittanadī nāmabhayatovāhīnī vahati kalyāṇāya vahati
pāpāya ca. yā tu kaivalyaprāgbhārā vivekaviṣayanimnā sā
kalyāṇavahā. saṃsāraprāgbhārā vivekaviṣayanimnā pāpa-
vahā. tatra vairāgyena viṣayasrotah khilīkriyate. vivekad-
arśanābhyāsenā vivekasrotā udghātyata ity ubhayādhīnaś
cittavṛttinirodhaḥ. § 39

5

[YS 1.13] **tatra sthitau yatno 'bhyāsaḥ** § 40

cittasyāvṛttikasya praśāntavāhitā sthitih. tadarthaḥ prayatno vīryam utsāhah. tat sampipādayiṣayā tat sādhanā-nuṣṭhānam abhyāsaḥ. §⁴¹

sa tu dīrghakālānairantaryasatkārāsevito dṛḍhabhūmih §⁴²

[YS 1.14]

dīrghakālāsevito nirantarāsevitah satkārāsevitah. tapasā brahmacaryeṇa vidyayā śraddhayā ca sampāditaḥ
5 satkāravān dṛḍhabhūmir bhavati. vyutthānasamāskāreṇa drāg ity evānabhibhūtaviṣaya ity arthaḥ. §⁴³

drṣṭānuśravikaviṣayavitṛṣṇasya vaśīkārasamjñā vairāgyam §⁴⁴

[YS 1.15]

striyo+annapānam aiśvaryam iti drṣṭaviṣaye vitṛṣṇasya svargavaidehyaprakṛtilayatvaprāptāv ānuśravikaviṣ-
5 aye vitṛṣṇasya divyādivyaviṣayasaṁprayoge+api cittasya viṣayadoṣadarśinah prasamkhyānabalād anābhogātmikā heyopādeyaśūnyā vaśīkārasamjñā vairāgyam. §⁴⁵

tat param puruṣakhyāter guṇavaitṛṣṇyam §⁴⁶

[YS 1.16]

dṛṣṭānuśravikaviṣayadoṣadarśī viraktaḥ puruṣadarśa-
nābhyaśāt tacchuddhipravivekāpyāyitabuddhir guṇebhyo vyaktāvyaktadharmakebhyo virakta iti. tad dvayam vair-
5 āgyam. tatra yad uttaram taj jñānaprasādamātram. yasy-
odaye sati yogī pratyuditakhyātir evam manyate --- prā-
ptam prāpanīyam, kṣīṇāḥ kṣetavyāḥ kleśāḥ, chinnāḥ śliṣṭ-
aparvā bhavasamākramah, yasyāvicchedāj janitvā mriyate
mṛtvā ca jāyata iti. jñānasyaiva parā kāṣṭhā vairāgyam. et-
10 asyaiva hi nāntarīyakam kaivalyam iti. §⁴⁷

athopāyadvayena niruddhacittavṛtteḥ katham ucyate
samprajñātaḥ samādhīr iti --- §⁴⁸

**vitarkavicārānandāśmitārūpānugamāt sampr-
ajñātaḥ** §⁴⁹

[YS 1.17]

vitarkaś cittasyālambane sthūla ābhogaḥ. sūkṣmo vicā-
raḥ. ānando hlādah. ekātmikā samvid asmitā. tatra prath-
5 amaś catuṣṭayānugataḥ samādhīḥ savitarkaḥ. dvitīyo vita-

2. [SAMĀDHIPĀDAH]

rkavikalah savicārah. tṛtīyo vicāravikalah sānandaḥ. catu-
rthas tadvikalo 'smitāmātra iti. sarva ete sālambanāḥ sam-
ādhayah. § 50

athāsaṃprajñātaḥ samādhiḥ kimupāyaḥ kiṃsvabhāvo
veti --- § 51

5

virāmapratyayābhyaśapūrvah samskārašeṣo+anyah

§ 52

[YS 1.18]

sarvavṛttipratyastamaye samskārašeṣo nirodhaś citta-
syā samādhir asaṃprajñātaḥ. tasya param vairāgyam up-
āyaḥ. sālambano hy abhyāśas tatsādhanāya na kalpata iti
virāmapratyayo nirvastuka ālambanīkriyate. sa cārthaśū-
nyaḥ. tadabhyāśapūrvakam hi cittam nirālambanam abh-
āvaprāptam iva bhavatīty eṣa nirbījaḥ samādhir asaṃpra-
jñātaḥ. § 53

5

sa khalv ayam dvividhaḥ --- upāyapratyayo bhavapra- 10
tyayaś ca. tatropāyapratyayo yogināṁ bhavati --- § 54

10

bhavapratyayo videhaprakṛtilayānām § 55

videhānāṁ devānāṁ bhavapratyayaḥ. te hi svā-
saṃskāramātropayogena cittena kaivalyapadam ivānu-
bhavantah svasaṃskāravipākam tathājātīyakam ativāh-
ayanti. tathā prakṛtilayāḥ sādhikāre cetasi prakṛtilīne 5
kaivalyapadam ivānubhavanti, yāvan na punar āvart-
ate+adhikāravaśāc cittam iti. § 56

5

śraddhāvīryasmṛtisamādhiprajñāpūrvaka ita-

reṣām § 57

[YS 1.20]

upāyapratyayo yogināṁ bhavati. śraddhā cetasaḥ sa-
ṃprasādaḥ. sā hi janānīva kalyāṇī yoginām pāti. tasya
hi śraddadhānasya vivekārthino vīryam upajāyate. sam-
upajātavīryasya smṛtir upatiṣṭhate. smṛtyupasthāne ca ci-
ttam anākulam samādhīyate. samāhitacittasya prajñāviv-
eka upāvartate. yena yathārtham vastu jānāti. tadabhyāśāt
tattadviṣayāc ca vairāgyād asaṃprajñātaḥ samādhir bhav-
ati. § 58

5

10

te khalu nava yogino mṛḍumadhyādhimātropāyā bha-
vanti. tadyathā --- mṛḍūpāyo madhyopāyo+adhimātropāya

iti. tatra mṛdūpāyas trividhaḥ --- mṛdusamvego madhyas-
amvegas tīvrasamvega iti. tathā madhyopāyas tathādhim-
ātropāya iti. tatrādhimātropāyānām --- § 59

tīvrasamvegānām āsannah § 60

[YS 1.21]

samādhilābhah samādhiphalam ca bhavatīti. § 61

mṛdumadhyādhimātratvāt tato 'pi viśeṣah § 62

[YS 1.22]

mṛduṭīvra madhyatīvra+adhimātratīvra iti. tato 'pi vi-
šeṣah. tadvišeṣād api mṛduṭīvrasamvegasyāsannah tato
madhyatīvrasamvegasyāsannatarah, tasmād adhimātrat-
5 īvrasamvegasyādhimātropāyasyāpy āsannatamaḥ samā-
dhilābhah samādhiphalam ceti. § 63

kim etasmād evāsannatamaḥ samādhir bhavati. athā-
sya lābhe bhavaty anyo 'pi kaścid upāyo na veti --- § 64

īśvarapraṇidhānād vā § 65

[YS 1.23]

praṇidhānād bhaktivišeṣād āvarjita īśvaras tam anugr-
hṇāty abhidhyānamātreṇa. tadabhidhyānamātrād api yo-
gina āsannatamaḥ samādhilābhah samādhiphalam ca bh-
5 avatīti. § 66

atha pradhānapuruṣavyatirktaḥ ko 'yam īśvaro nāmeti

--- § 67

**kleśakarmavipākāśayair aparāmr̥ṣṭah puruṣa-
višeṣa īśvaraḥ** § 68

[YS 1.24]

avidyādayaḥ kleśāḥ. kuśalākuśalāni karmāṇi. tatpha-
lam vipākah. tadanugunā vāsanā āśayāḥ. te ca manasi va-
5 rtamānāḥ puruṣe vyapadiṣyante, sa hi tatphalasya bhokt-
eti. yathā jayah parājayo vā yoddhṛṣu vartamānāḥ svāmini
vyapadiṣyate. yo hy anena bhogenāparāmr̥ṣṭah sa puruṣa-
višeṣa īśvaraḥ. § 69

kaivalyam prāptās tarhi santi ca bahavaḥ kevalināḥ. te
10 hi trīṇi bandhanāni cchittvā kaivalyam prāptā īśvarasya ca
tatsaṁbandho na bhūto na bhāvī. yathā muktasya pūrvā
bandhakoṭih prajñāyate naivam īśvarasya. yathā vā prakṛt-
ilīnasyottarā bandhakoṭih saṁbhāvyate naivam īśvarasya.
sa tu sadaiva muktaḥ sadaiveśvara iti. § 70

2. [SAMĀDHIPĀDAH]

yo 'sau prakṛṣṭasattvopādānād īśvarasya śāsvatika utkarṣah sa kiṁ sanimitta āhosvin nirnimitta iti. tasya śāstram nimittam. § 71

śāstram punah kiṁnimittam, prakṛṣṭasattvanimittam.
§ 72

5

etaryoḥ śāstrotkarşayor īśvarasattve vartamānayor anādiḥ saṁbandhaḥ. etasmād etad bhavati sadaiveśvaraḥ sadaiva mukta iti. tac ca tasyaiśvaryam sāmyātiśayavinirmuktam. na tāvad aiśvaryāntareṇa tad atiśayyate. yad evāt-iśayi syāt tad eva tat syāt. tasmād yatra kāṣṭhāprāptir aiśvaryasya sa īśvara iti. na ca tatsamānam aiśvaryam asti. ka-smāt, dvayos tulyayor ekasmin yugapatkāmite+arthe navam idam astu purāṇam idam astv ity ekasya siddhāvitarasya prākāmyavighātād ūnatvam prasaktam. dvayoś ca tulyayor yugapatkāmitārthaprāptir nāsti. arthasya viruddhatvāt. tasmād yasya sāmyātiśayair vinirmuktam aiśvaryam sa eveśvaraḥ. sa ca puruṣaviśeṣa iti. § 73

kiṁ ca --- § 74

10

15

[YS 1.25]

tatra niratiśayam sarvajñabījam § 75

yad idam atītānāgatapratyutpannapratyekasamuccayātīndriyagrahaṇam alpaṁ bahv iti sarvajñabījam etad vivardhamānam yatra niratiśayam sa sarvajñah. asti kāṣṭhāprāptih sarvajñabījasya sātiśayatvāt parimāṇavad iti. yatra kāṣṭhāprāptir jñānasya sa sarvajñah. sa ca puruṣaviśeṣa iti.
§ 76

5

sāmānyamātropasamḥāre ca kṛtopakṣayam anumānam na višeṣapratipattau samartham iti. tasya samjñādi-višeṣapratipattir āgamataḥ paryanvesyā. tasyātmānugrahābhāve+api bhūtānugrahaḥ prayojanam. jñānadharma-padeśena kalpapralayamahāpralayeṣu saṁsāriṇah puruṣān uddhariṣyāmīti. tathā coktam --- ādividvān nirmāṇacittam adhiṣṭhāya kāruṇyād bhagavān paramarśir āsuraye jijñāsamānāya tantram provāceti. § 77
sa eṣaḥ --- § 78

10

15

[YS 1.26]

pūrveśām api guruḥ kālenānavacchedāt § 79

pūrve hi guravaḥ kālenāvacchidyante. yatrāvacchedārthena kālo nopāvartate sa eṣa pūrveśām api guruḥ. yathā-

sya sargasyādau prakarṣagatyā siddhas tathātikrāntasarg-
ādiṣv api pratyetavyah. § 80

tasya vācakah prañavah § 81

[YS 1.27]

vācyā īśvarah prañavasya. kim asya saṃketakṛtam vā-
cyavācakatvam atha pradīpaprakāśavad avasthitam iti. § 82

sthito+asya vācyasya vācakena saha saṃbandhah. sa-
5 m̄ketas tv īśravasya sthitam evārtham abhinayati. yathāv-
asthitah pitṛputrayoh saṃbandhah saṃketenāvadyotyate,
ayam asya pitā, ayam asya putra iti. sargāntaresv api vācy-
avācakaśaktyapekṣas tathaiva saṃketaḥ kriyate. saṃprat-
ipattinityatayā nityah śabdārthaśaṃbandha ity āgaminaḥ
10 pratijānate. § 83

vijñātavācyavācakatvasya yoginah --- § 84

tajjapas tadarthabhāvanam § 85

[YS 1.28]

prañavasya japaḥ prañavābhidheyasya ceśvarasya bhā-
vanam. tad asya yoginah prañavam japatāḥ prañavārtham
ca bhāvayataś cittam ekāgram saṃpadyate. tathā coktam
5 --- § 86

``svādhyāyād yogam āśīta yogāt svādhyāyam āmanet
/ svādhyāyayogasampattyā paramātmā prakāśate //'; iti.
§ 87

kim cāsyā bhavati --- § 88

tataḥ pratyakcetanādhigamo+apy antarāyā- bhāvaś ca § 89

[YS 1.29]

ye tāvad antarāyā vyādhiprabhṛtayas te tāvad īśvara-
praṇidhānān na bhavanti. svarūpadarśanam apy asya bh-
5 avati. yathaiveśvaraḥ puruṣaḥ śuddhaḥ prasannāḥ kev-
alo+anupasargas tathāyam api buddheḥ pratisamvedī yaḥ
puruṣas tam adhigacchati. § 90

atha ke+antarāyā ye cittasya vikṣepāḥ. ke punas te kiy-
anto veti --- § 91

vyādhistyānasamśayapramādālasyāviratibhrā-
ntidarśanālabdhahbhūmikatvānavasthitatvāni ci-
ttavikṣepāḥ te+antarāyāḥ § 92

[YS 1.30]

navāntarāyāś cittasya vikṣepāḥ. sahaite cittavṛttibhir
bhavanti. eteśām abhāve na bhavanti pūrvoktāś cittavṛtt-
ayah. vyādhir dhāturasakaraṇavaiśamyam. styānam aka-
rmaṇyatā cittasya. samśaya ubhayakoṭisprg vijñānam syād
idam evam naivam syād iti. pramādaḥ samādhīsādha- 5
nānām abhāvanam. ālasyam kāyasya cittasya ca guru-
tvād apravṛttiḥ. aviratiś cittasya viśayasamprayogātmā ga-
rdhah. bhrāntidarśanām viparyayajñānam. alabdhabhūm-
ikatvām samādhībhūmer alābhah. anavasthitatvām yal la-
bdhāyām bhūmau cittasyāpratiṣṭhā. samādhīpratilambhe 10
hi sati tadavasthitām syād iti. ete cittavikṣepā nava yoga-
malā yogapratipakṣā yogāntarāyā ity abhidhīyante. § 93

duḥkhadaurmanasyāṅgamejayatvaśvāsapraśvāsā
[YS 1.31] **vikṣepasahabhuvaḥ** § 94

duḥkham ādhyātmikam ādhībhautikam ādhidaivikam
ca. yenābhihatāḥ prāṇinas tadapaghātāya prayatante tad 5
duḥkham. daurmanasyam icchāvighātāc cetasaḥ kṣobhaḥ.
yad aṅgāny ejayati kampayati tad aṅgamejayatvam. prāṇo
yad bāhyam vāyum ācāmati sa śvāsaḥ. yat kauṣṭhyam vā-
yum niḥsārayati sa praśvāsaḥ. ete vikṣepasahabhuvo vik-
ṣiptacittasyaite bhavanti. samāhitacittasyaite na bhavanti. 10
§ 95

athaite vikṣepāḥ samādhīpratipakṣās tābhyaṁ evābhya-
āsavairāgyābhyaṁ niroddhavyāḥ. tatrābhyaśasya viśayam
upasamharann idam āha --- § 96

[YS 1.32] **tatpratiṣedhārtham ekatattvābhyaśaḥ** § 97

vikṣepapratিষedhārtham ekatattvāvalambanām cittam
abhyaset. yasya tu pratyarthaniyatām pratyayamātram kṣ-
aṇikam ca cittam tasya sarvam eva cittam ekāgram nāsty
eva vikṣiptam. yadi punar idam sarvataḥ pratyāhṛtyaika- 5
sminn arthe samādhīyate tadā bhavaty ekāgram ity ato na
pratyarthaniyatam. § 98

yo+api sadṛśapratyayapravāhena cittam ekāgram ma-
nyate tasyaikāgratā yadi pravāhacittasya dharmas tada-
kaṁ nāsti pravāhacittam kṣaṇikatvāt. atha pravāhāṁśasy- 10
aiva pratyayasya dharmāḥ, sa sarvāḥ sadṛśapratyayapra-

vāhī vā visadrśapratyaya pravāhī vā pratyarthaniyatatvād ekāgra eveti vikṣiptacittānupapattih. tasmād ekam anekārtham avasthitam cittam iti. § 99

yadi ca cittenaikenānanvitāḥ svabhāvabhinnāḥ pratyayā jāyerann atha katham anyapratyayadrśṭasyānyāḥ smṛtā bhavet. anyapratyayopacitasya ca karmāśayasyānyāḥ pratyaya upabhoktā bhavet. kathamcit samādhīyamānam apy etad gomayapāyasyānyāyam ākṣi. § 100

kim ca svātmānubhavāpahnavaś cittasyānyatve prāpn-
5 oti. katham, yad aham adrāksam tat sprśāmi yac cāspr-
ākṣam tat paśyāmīty aham iti pratyayah sarvasya praty-
ayasya bhede sati pratyayiny abhedenopasthitāḥ. eka-
10 pratyayaviśayo+ayam abhedātmāham iti pratyayah katham
atyantabhinnešu cittešu vartamānah sāmānyam ekam pra-
tyayinam āśrayet. svānubhavagrāhyaś cāyam abhedātmā-
15 ham iti pratyayah. na ca pratyakṣasya māhātmyam pram-
āṇāntareṇābhībhūyate. pramāṇāntaram ca pratyakṣabale-
naiva vyavahāram labhate. tasmād ekam anekārtham ava-
sthitam ca cittam. § 101

20 yasya cittasyāvasthitasyedam śāstreṇa parikarma nird-
isyate tat katham --- § 102

**maitrīkaruṇāmuditopeksāṇāṁ sukhaduhkh-
apunyāpunyavisayāṇāṁ bhāvanātaś cittaprasā-
danam** § 103

[YS 1.33]

tatra sarvaprāṇiṣu sukhasambhogāpannešu maitrīm
5 bhāvayet. duḥkhitešu karuṇām. puṇyātmakešu muditām. apuṇyaśileṣūpeksām. evam asya bhāvayataḥ śuklo dharma upajāyate. tataś ca cittam prasīdati. prasannam ekāgram sthitipadam labhate. § 104

pracchardanavidhāraṇābhyām vā prāṇasya § 105

[YS 1.34]

kauṣṭhyasya vāyor nāsikāpuṭābhyām prayatnavišeṣād
5 vamanām pracchardanam, vidhāraṇām prāṇāyāmas tā-
bhyām vā manasaḥ sthitim sampādayet. § 106

viśayavatī vā pravṛttir utpannā manasaḥ sthitinibandhanī § 107

[YS 1.35] nāsikāgre dhārayato+asya yā divyagandhasaṁvit sā gandhapravṛttiḥ. jihvāgre rasasaṁvit. tāluni rūpasāmaṁvit. jihvāmadhye sparśasaṁvit. jihvāmūle śabdasaṁvid ity etā 5 vṛttaya utpannāś cittam sthitau nibadhnanti, saṁśayaṁ vidhamanti, samādhiprajñāyām ca dvārībhavantīti. etena candrādityagrahamāṇipradīparaśmyādiṣu pravṛttir utpannā viśayavaty eva veditavyā yady api hi tattacchāstrānumānācāryopadeśair avagatam arthatattvam sadbhūtam 10 eva bhavati. eteṣām yathābhūtārtha pratipādanāsām- arthyāt, tathāpi yāvad ekadeśo+api kaścin na svakaraṇa- saṁvedyo bhavati tāvat sarvam parokṣam ivāpavargādiṣu sūkṣmeṣv artheṣu na dṛḍhām buddhim utpādayati. ta- 15 smāc chāstrānumānācāryopadeśopodbalanārtham evāva- syam kaścid arthaviśeṣah pratyakṣikartavyaḥ. tatra tadu- padiṣṭārthaikadeśapratyakṣatve sati sarvam sūkṣmavisa- yam api āpavargāc chraddhīyate. etadartham evedam citt- aparikarma nirdisyate. aniyatāsu vṛttiṣu tadviśayāyām va- 20 sīkārasaṁjñāyām upajātāyām samartham syāt tasyā- rthasya pratyakṣikaraṇāyeti. tathā ca sati śraddhāvīryasm- rtisamādhayo+asyāpratibandhena bhaviṣyantīti. § 108

[YS 1.36] **viśokā vā jyotiṣmatī § 109**

pravṛttir utpannā manasaḥ sthitinibandhanīty anuvārtate. hṛdayapuṇḍarīke dhārayato yā buddhisāmaṁvit, bu- ddhisattvam hi bhāsvaram ākāśakalpaṁ, tatra sthitivaiśāra- dyāt pravṛttiḥ sūryendugrahamaṇiprabhārūpākāreṇa vi- 5 kalpate. tathāsmītāyām samāpannam cittam nistarāṅgam- ahodadhikalpaṁ śāntam anantam asmitāmātram bhavati. yatreḍam uktam --- ``tam aṇumātram ātmānam anuvidy- 10 āsmīty evam tāvat saṃprajānīte'' iti. eṣā dvayī viśokā viś- ayavatī, asmitāmātrā ca pravṛttir jyotiṣmatīty ucyate. yayā yoginaś cittam sthitipadam labhata iti. § 110

[YS 1.37] **vītarāgaviśayam vā cittam § 111**

vītarāgacittālambanoparaktam vā yoginaś cittam sthit- ipadam labhata iti. § 112

svapnanidrājñānālambanam vā § 113
 svapnajñānālambanam vā nidrājñānālambanam vā ta-
 dākāram yoginaś cittam sthitipadam labhata iti. § 114

[YS 1.38]

yathābhimatadhyānād vā § 115
 yad evābhimatam tad eva dhyāyet. tatra labdhasthititi-
 kam anyatrāpi sthitipadam labhata iti. § 116

[YS 1.39]

paramāṇuparamamahattvānto+asya vaśīkārah
 § 117

[YS 1.40]

sūkṣme niviśamānasya paramāṇvantam sthitipadam
 labhata iti. sthūle niviśamānasya paramamahattvāntam
 5 sthitipadam cittasya. evam tām ubhayīm koṭim anudhāv-
 ato yo+asyāpratīghātaḥ sa paro vaśīkārah. tadvaśīkārāt pa-
 ripūrṇam yoginaś cittam na punar abhyāsakṛtam parika-
 rmāpeksata iti. § 118

atha labdhasthitikasya cetasāḥ kimsvarūpā kiṃviṣayā
 10 vā samāpattir iti, tad ucyate --- § 119

**kṣīṇavṛtter abhijātasyeva maṇer grahītrgraha-
 ṇagrāhyeṣu tatsthata dañjanatā samāpattiḥ** § 120

[YS 1.41]

kṣīṇavṛtter iti pratyastamitapratyayasyety arthaḥ. abh-
 ijātasyeva maṇer iti dṛṣṭāntopādānam. yathā sphoṭika up-
 5 āśrayabhedāt tattadrūpoparakta upāśrayarūpākāreṇa ni-
 rbhāsate tathā grāhyālambanoparaktaṁ cittam grāhya-
 samāpannam grāhyasvarūpākāreṇa nirbhāsate. bhūtas-
 ūkṣmoparaktaṁ bhūtasūkṣmasamāpannam bhūtasūkṣm-
 asvarūpābhāsam bhavati. tathā sthūlālambanoparaktaṁ
 10 sthūlarūpasamāpannam sthūlarūpābhāsam bhavati. tathā
 viśvabhedoparaktaṁ viśvabhedasamāpannam viśvarūpā-
 bhāsam bhavati. § 121

tathā grahaṇeṣv apīndriyeṣv api draṣṭavyam. grahaṇ-
 ālambanoparaktaṁ grahaṇasamāpannam grahaṇasvarūp-
 15 ākāreṇa nirbhāsate. tathā grahītrpuruṣālambanoparaktaṁ
 grahītrpuruṣasamāpannam grahītrpuruṣasvarūpākāreṇa
 nirbhāsate. tathā muktapuruṣālambanoparaktaṁ mukta-
 puruṣasamāpannam muktapuruṣasvarūpākāreṇa nirbhā-
 sata iti. tad evam abhijātamaṇikalpasya cetaso grahītrgra-

haṇagrāhyeṣu puruṣendriyabhūteṣu yā tatsthatañjanatā teṣu sthitasya tadākārāpattiḥ sā samāpattir ity ucyate. § 122

tatra śabdārthajñānavikalpaiḥ samkīrnā savi-
tarkā samāpattiḥ § 123

[YS 1.42] tadyathā gaur iti śabdo gaur ity artho gaur iti jñānam ity avibhāgena vibhaktānām api grahaṇam drṣṭam. vibhajyamānāś cānye śabdadharmā anye+arthadharmā anye vijñānadharma ity eteṣāṁ vibhaktaḥ panthāḥ. tatra samāpannasya yogino yo gavādyarthah samādhiprajñāyāṁ samārūḍhaḥ sa cec chabdārthajñānavikalpānuviddha upāvartate sā samkīrnā samāpattiḥ savitarkety ucyate. § 124

yadā punaḥ śabdasaṁketasmṛtipariśuddhau śrutānumānajñānavikalpaśūnyāyāṁ samādhiprajñāyāṁ svarūpamātreṇāvasthito 'rhas tatsvarūpākāramātratayaivāvacchidyate. sā ca nirvitarkā samāpattiḥ. tat param pratyakṣam. tac ca śrutānumānayor bījam. tataḥ śrutānumāne prabhavataḥ. na ca śrutānumānajñānasahabhūtam tad darśanam. tasmād asamkīrṇam pramāṇāntareṇa yogino nirvitarkasamādhijam darśanam iti. nirvitarkāyāḥ samāpatter asyāḥ sūtreṇa lakṣaṇam dyotyate --- § 125

smṛtipariśuddhau svarūpaśūnyevārthamātr-
anirbhāsā nirvitarkā § 126

[YS 1.43] yā śabdasaṁketaśrutānumānajñānavikalpasmṛtipariśuddhau grāhyasvarūpa.uparaktā prajñā svam iva prajñāsvarūpam grahaṇātmakam tyaktvā padārthamātrasvarūpā grāhyasvarūpāpanneva bhavati sā tadā nirvitarkā samāpattiḥ. § 127

tathā ca vyākyātām tasyā ekabuddhyupakramo hy arthātmāṇupracayaviśeṣātmā gavādir ghaṭādir vā lokāḥ. § 128

sa ca samsthānaviśeṣo bhūtasūksmāṇāṁ sādhāraṇo dharma ātmabhūtaḥ phalena vyaktenānumitaḥ svavya-añjakāñjanāḥ prādurbhavati. dharmāntarasya kapālāder udaye ca tirobhavati. sa eṣa dharmo+avayavīty ucyate. yo+asāv ekaś ca mahāṁś cāṇīmyaś ca sparśavāṁś ca kriyā-

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dharmakaś cānityaś ca tenāvayavinā vyavahārāḥ kriyante.

§ 129

yasya punar avastukah sa pracayaviśeṣah. sūkṣmaṁ ca
kāraṇam anupalabhyam avikalpasya tasyāvayavyabhāvād
5 atadrūpapratiṣṭham mithyājñānam iti prāyenā sarvam eva
prāptam mithyājñānam iti. tadā ca samyagjñānam api kim
syād viśayābhāvāt. yad yad upalabhyate tat tad avayavivit-
enāmnātam. tasmād asty avayavī yo mahattvādivyavahā-
rāpannah samāpatter nirvitarkāyā viśayī bhavati. § 130

**etayaiva savicārā nirvicārā ca sūkṣmaviśayā
vyākhyātā** § 131

[YS 1.44]

tatra bhūtasūkṣmakeśv abhivyaktadharmakeśu deśak-
ālanimittānubhavāvacchinneṣu yā samāpattiḥ sā savicār-
5 ety ucyate. tatrāpy ekabuddhirgrāhyam evoditadharma-
viśiṣṭam bhūtasūkṣmam ālambanībhūtam samādhiprajñā-
yām upatiṣṭhate. § 132

yā punah sarvathā sarvataḥ śāntoditāvyapadeśyad-
armānavacchinneṣu sarvadharmanupātiṣu sarvadharma-
10 tmakeśu samāpattiḥ sā nirvicārety ucyate. evam svarūpam
hi tadbhūtasūkṣmam etenaiva svarūpenālambanībhūtam
eva samādhiprajñāsvarūpam uparañjayati. § 133

prajñā ca svarūpaśūnyevārthamātrā yadā bhavati tadā
nirvicārety ucyate. tatra mahadvastuviśayā savitarkā nir-
15 itarkā ca, sūkṣmavastuviśayā savicārā nirvicārā ca. evam
ubhiyor etayaiva nirvitarkayā vikalpahānir vyākhyāteti.
§ 134

sūkṣmaviśayatvam cāliṅgaparyavasānam § 135

[YS 1.45]

pārthivasyāṇor gandhatanmātram sūkṣmo viśayah.
āpyasya rasatanmātram. taijasasya rūpatanmātram. vāy-
avīyasya sparśatanmātram. ākāśasya śabdatanmātram iti.
5 teṣām ahamkārah. asyāpi liṅgamātram sūkṣmo viśayah. li-
ṅgamātrasyāpy aliṅgam sūkṣmo viśayah. na cāliṅgāt pa-
ram sūkṣmam asti. nanv asti puruṣah sūkṣma iti satyam.
yathā liṅgāt param aliṅgasya sauksmyam na caivam pur-
uṣasya. kimtu, liṅgasyānvayikāraṇam puruṣo na bhavati,

2. [SAMĀDHIPĀDAH]

hetus tu bhavatīti. atah pradhāne sauksmyam niratiśayam vyākhyātam. § 136

[YS 1.46] **tā eva sabījah samādhiḥ** § 137

tāś catasraḥ samāpattayo bahirvastubījā iti samādhir api sabījah. tatra sthūle+arthe savitarkah, sūksme+arthe savicāro nirvicāra iti caturdhopasamkhyātah samādhir iti. § 138

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[YS 1.47] **nirvicāravaiśāradye+adhyātmaprasādah** § 139

aśuddhyāvaraṇamalāpetasya prakāśātmano buddhisattvasya rajastamobhyām anabhibhūtaḥ svacchāḥ sthitipravāho vaiśāradayam. yadā nirvicārasya samādher vaiśāradayam idam jāyate tadā yogino bhavaty adhyātmaprasādo bhūtārthaviṣayaḥ kramānanurodhī sphuṭaḥ prajñālokaḥ. tathā coktam --- ``

5

prajñāprasādam āruhya aśocyaḥ śocato janān /
bhūmiṣṭhān iva śailasthaḥ sarvān
prājño+anupaśyati § 142

" . § 143

10

[YS 1.48] **r̥tam̥bharā tatra prajñā** § 144

tasmin samāhitacittasya yā prajñā jāyate tasyā r̥tam̥bhareti samjñā bhavati. anvarthā ca sā, satyam eva bibharti na ca tatra viparyāsa jñāna gandho+apy astīti. tathā coktam --- § 145

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``

āgamenānumānenā dhyānābhyāsarasena ca /
tridhā prakalpayan prajñām labhate yogam
uttamam § 148

" iti. § 149

sā punah --- § 150

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[YS 1.49] **śrutānumānaprajñābhyām anyaviṣayā viśeṣā-rthatvāt** § 151

śrutam āgamavijñānam tat sāmānyaviṣayam. na hy āgamenā śakyo viśeṣo+abhidhātum, kasmāt, na hi viśeṣeṇa

kṛtasamketaḥ śabda iti. tathānumānam sāmānyaviṣayam eva. yatra prāptis tatra gatir yatrāprāptis tatra na bhavati gatir ity uktam. anumānena ca sāmānyenopasamḥhāraḥ. ta-smāc chrutānumānaviṣayo na viśeṣah kaścid astīti. § 152

5 na cāsyā sūkṣmavyavahitaviprakṛṭasya vastuno loka-pratyakṣena grahanam asti. na cāsyā viśeṣasyāpramāṇaka-syābhāvo+astīti samādhiprajñānirgrāhya eva sa viśeṣo bh-avati bhūtasūkṣmagato vā puruṣagato vā. tasmāc chrutā-numānaprajñābhyaṁ anyaviṣayā sā prajñā viśeṣārthatvād iti. § 153

10 samādhiprajñāpratilambhe yoginah prajñākṛtaḥ sa-meskāro navo navo jāyate --- § 154

tajah sameskāro+anyasameskārapratibandhī

[YS 1.50]

§ 155

samādhiprajñāprabhavaḥ sameskāro vyutthānasameskā-rāśayam bādhate. vyutthānasameskārābhībhavāt tatprabh-

5 avāḥ pratyayā na bhavanti. pratyayanirodhe samādhir up-atiṣṭhate. tataḥ samādhijā prajñā, tataḥ prajñākṛtaḥ samesk-ārā iti navo navah sameskārāśayo jāyate. tataś ca prajñā, ta-taś ca sameskārā iti. katham asau sameskārātiśayaś cittam sā-dhikāram na kariṣyatīti. na te prajñākṛtaḥ sameskārāḥ kle-
10 šakṣayahetutvāc cittam adhikāraviśiṣṭam kurvanti. cittam hi te svakāryād avasādayanti. khyātiparyavasānam hi cittaceṣṭitam iti. § 156

kim cāsyā bhavati --- § 157

tasyāpi nirodhe sarvanirodhān nirbījaḥ samā-dhiḥ

§ 158

[YS 1.51]

sa na kevalam samādhiprajñāvirodhī prajñākṛtānām api sameskārāṇām pratibandhī bhavati. kasmāt, nirodhajah sameskāraḥ samādhijān sameskārān bādhata iti. § 159

nirodhasthitikālakramānubhavena nirodhacittakṛtasa-meskārāstivam anumeyam. vyutthānanirodhasamādhipr-abhavaiḥ saha kaivalyabhāgīyaiḥ sameskāraiś cittam sva-syām prakṛtāv avasthitāyām pravilīyate. tasmāt te samesk-ārāś cittasyādhikāravirodhino na sthitihetavo bhavantīti. yasmād avasitādhikāram saha kaivalyabhāgīyaiḥ sameskā-

3. [SĀDHANAPĀDAH]

raiś cittam nivartate, tasmin nivṛtte puruṣah svarūpamātr-
apratiṣṭho+ataḥ śuddhaḥ kevalo mukta ity ucyata iti. § 160
 iti śrīpātañjale sāṃkhyapravacane yogaśāstre
 śrīmadvyāsabhāṣye prathamaḥ samādhipādaḥ 1.

3 [Sādhanaṇḍaḥ]

uddiṣṭaḥ samāhitacittasya yogah. kathaṁ vyutthitaci-
tto+api yogayuktaḥ syād ity etad ārabhyate --- § 162

tapahsvādhyāyeśvarapraṇidhānāni kriyāyogaḥ
[YS 2.1] § 163

nātapaśvino yogaḥ sidhyati. anādikarmakleśavāsanāci-
trā pratyupasthitaviṣayajālā cāśuddhir nāntareṇa tapah sa-
ṃbhedam āpadyata iti tapasa upādānam. tac ca cittapras-
ādanam abādhamānam anenāsevyam iti manyate. § 164 5

svādhyāyah praṇavādipavitrāṇām japo mokṣaśāstrā-
dhyayanam vā. īśvarapraṇidhānam sarvakriyāṇām para-
magurāv arpaṇam tatphalasamnyāso vā. § 165
 sa hi kriyāyogaḥ --- § 166

10

samādhibhāvanārthaḥ kleśatanūkaraṇārthaś
[YS 2.2] **ca** § 167

sa hy āsevyamānaḥ samādhiṁ bhāvayati kleśāṁś ca
pratanūkaroti. pratanūkṛtān kleśān prasamkhyānāgninā
dagdhabījakalpān aprasavadharmināḥ karisyatīti. teśāṁ 5
tanūkaraṇāt punaḥ kleśair aparāmr̥ṣṭā sattvapurusānyat-
āmātrakhyātih sūkṣmā prajñā samāptādhikārā pratiprasa-
vāya kalpiṣyata iti. § 168

 atha ke kleśāḥ kiyanto veti --- § 169

avidyāsmitārāgadveśābhiniveśāḥ kleśāḥ § 170
[YS 2.3]

kleśā iti pañca viparyayā ity arthaḥ. te spandamānā gu-
ṇādhikāram draḍhayanti, pariṇāmam avasthāpayanti, kā-
ryakāraṇasrota unnamayanti, parasparānugrahatantrībh-
ūtvā karmavipākam cābhinirharantīti. § 171 5

avidyā kṣetram uttareśāṁ prasuptatanuvicch-innodārāṇām § 172

[YS 2.4]

atrāvidyā kṣetram prasavabhūmir uttarareśāṁ asmit-
ādīnāṁ caturvidhavikalpānāṁ prasuptatanuvicchinnodā-
5 rāṇāṁ. tatra kā prasuptih. cetasi śaktimātrapratiṣṭhānāṁ
bījabhāvopagamah. tasya prabodha ālambane sammukh-
ībhāvah. prasamkhyānavato dagdhakleśabījasya sammu-
khībhūte+apy ālambane nāsau punar asti, dagdhabījasya
10 kutah praroha iti. ataḥ kṣīnakleśah kuśalaś caramadeha
ity ucyate. tatraiva sā dagdhabījabhāvā pañcamī kleśāva-
sthā nānyatreti. satāṁ kleśānāṁ tadā bījasāmarthyam da-
gdham iti viṣayasya sammukhībhāve+api sati na bhavaty
eśāṁ prabodha ity uktā prasuptir dagdhabījānāṁ apraro-
haś ca. § 173

15 tanutvam ucyate --- pratipakṣabhāvanopahatāḥ kleśās
tanavo bhavanti. tathā vicchidya vicchidya tena tenātmanā
punah punah samudācarantīti vicchinnāḥ. katham, rāgak-
āle kroḍhasyādarśanāt. na hi rāgakāle kroḍhah samudāc-
arati. rāgaś ca kvacid dṛṣyamāno na viṣayāntare nāsti. na-
20 ikasyāṁ striyāṁ caitro rakta ity anyāsu strīṣu viraktaḥ, ki-
ṁtu tatra rāgo labdhavṛttir anyatra tu bhaviṣyadvṛttir iti.
sa hi tadā prasuptatanuvicchinno bhavati. § 174

viṣaye yo labdhavṛttiḥ sa udāraḥ. sarva evaite kleśavi-
ṣyatvam nātikrāmanti. kas tarhi vicchinnāḥ prasuptas ta-
25 nur udāro vā kleśa iti, ucyate --- satyam evaitat, kiṁtu vi-
iṣṭānāṁ evaiteśāṁ vicchinnāditvam. yathaiva pratipakṣa-
bhāvanāto nivṛttas tathaiva svavyāñjakāñjanenābhivyakta
iti. sarva evāmī kleśā avidyābhedāḥ. kasmāt, sarveṣv avi-
dyaivābhiplavate. yad avidyayā vastv ākāryate tad evānu-
30 śerate kleśā viparyāsapratyayakāla upalabhyante kṣīyam-
āṇāṁ cāvidyām anu kṣīyanta iti. § 175
tatrāvidyāsvarūpam ucyate --- § 176

**anityāśuciduhkhānātmasu nityāśucisukhātm-
akhyātir avidyā** § 177

[YS 2.5]

anitye kārye nityakhyātih. tadyathā --- dhruvā pṛthivī,
dhruvā sacandratārakā dyauḥ, amṛtā divaukasa iti. tathā-
5 śucau paramabīhatse kāye, --- § 178

``

sthānād bījād upaṣṭambhān niḥsyandān
nidhanād api /
kāyam ādheyaśaucatvāt paṇḍitā hy aśucim
viduh//^{§ 181}

" // ^{§ 182}

iti aśucau śucikhyātir dṛṣyate. naveva śāśāṅkalekhā ka- 5
manīyeyam kanyā madhvamṛtāvayavanirmiteva candram
bhittvā niḥsṛteva jñāyate, nīlotpalapatrāyatāksī hāvaga-
rbhābhyaṁ locanābhyaṁ jīvalokam āśvāsayantīveti kasya
kenābhisaṁbandhaḥ. bhavati caivam aśucau śuciviparyā-
sapratyaya iti. etenāpuṇye puṇyapratyayas tathaivānarthe 10
cārthapratyayo vyākhyātah. ^{§ 183}

tathā duḥkhe sukhakhyātīm vakṣyati --- ``parinām-
atāpasamskāraduḥkhair gunavṛttivirodhāc ca duḥkham
eva sarvam vivekinah" iti. tatra sukhakhyātir avidyā. ta- 15
thānātmany ātmakhyātir bāhyopakaraṇeṣu cetanācetan-
eṣu bhogādhiṣṭhāne vā śarīre puruṣopakaraṇe vā man-
asy anātmany ātmakhyātir iti. tathaitad atroktam --- ``vy-
aktam avyaktam vā sattvam ātmatvenābhipratītya tasya 20
saṃpadam anu nandaty ātmasaṃpadam manvānas tasya
vyāpadam anu śocaty ātmavyāpadam manvānah sa sa-
rvo+apratibuddhah" iti. eṣā catuspadā bhavaty avidyā mū-
lam asya kleśasamṛtānasya karmāśayasya ca savipākasyeti.
^{§ 184}

tasyāś cāmitrāgośpadavadvastusatattvam vijñeyam. ya- 25
thā nāmitro mitrābhāvo na mitramātram kiṁtu tadviru-
ddhaḥ sapatnah. yathā vāgośpadam na gośpadābhāvo na
gośpadamātram kiṁtu deśa eva tābhyaṁ anyad vastvantā-
ram. evam avidyā na pramāṇam na pramāṇābhāvah kiṁtu
vidyāviparītam jñānāntaram avidyeti. ^{§ 185}

[YS 2.6]

dṛgdarśanaśaktyor ekātmatevāśmitā ^{§ 186}

puruṣo dṛksaktir buddhir darśanaśaktir ity etayor eka-
svarūpāpattir ivāśmitā kleśa ucyate. bhokṭṛbhogyaśaktyor
atyantavibhaktaylor atyantāsamṛkīrṇayor avibhāgaprāptāv
iva satyām bhogaḥ kalpate. svarūpapratilambhe tu tayoh 5

kaivalyam eva bhavati kuto bhoga iti. tathā coktam --- ``buddhitah param puruṣam ākāraśilavidyādibhir vibhaktam apaśyan kuryāt tatrātmabuddhim mohena'' iti. § 187

sukhānuśayī rāgah § 188

[YS 2.7]

sukhābhijñasya sukhānuśmṛtipūrvah sukhe tatsādhane vā yo gardhas ṛṣṇā lobhaḥ sa rāga iti. § 189

duḥkhānuśayī dvesah § 190

[YS 2.8]

duḥkhābhijñasya duḥkhānuśmṛtipūrvvo duḥkhe tatsādhane vā yah pratigho manyur jighāṁsā krodhaḥ sa dvesah. § 191

svarasavāhī viduṣo+api tathā rūḍho+abhiniveśah

§ 192

[YS 2.9]

5 sarvasya prāṇina iyam ātmāśīr nityā bhavati mā na bhūvam bhūyāsam iti. na cānanubhūtamaraṇadharmaśaya
aiśā bhavaty ātmāśīḥ. etyā ca pūrvajanmānubhavaḥ pratīyate. sa cāyam abhiniveśah kleśah svarasavāhī kṛmer api jātamātrasya pratyakṣānumānāgamaṁ asaṁbhāvito maraṇatrāsa ucchedadṛṣṭyātmakah pūrvajanmānubhūtam maraṇaduḥkham anumāpayati. § 193

10 yathā cāyam atyantamūḍheśu dr̄syate kleśas tathā viduṣo+api vijñātāpūrvāparāntasya rūḍhaḥ. kasmāt samānāhi tayoḥ kuśalākuśalayor maraṇaduḥkhanubhavād iyam vāsaneti. § 194

te pratiprasavaheyāḥ sūkṣmāḥ § 195

[YS 2.10]

te pañca kleśā dagdhabījakalpā yogināś caritādhikāre cetasi pralīne saha tenaivāstam gacchanti. § 196

sthitānām tu bījabhāvopagatānām --- § 197

dhyānaheyāḥ tadvr̄ttayah § 198

[YS 2.11]

kleśānām yā vr̄ttayah sthūlās tāḥ kriyāyogena tanūkṛtāḥ satyah prasāṁkhyānena dhyānena hātavyā yāvat sūkṣmīkṛtā yāvad dagdhabījakalpā iti. yathā vastrāṇām sthūlo malah pūrvam nirdhūyate paścāt sūkṣmo yatnenopāy-

ena cāpanīyate tathā svalpapratipaksāḥ sthūlā vṛttayaḥ kl-
eśānām, sūkṣmāś tu mahāpratipaksā iti. § 199

kleśamūlah karmāśayo dṛṣṭādṛṣṭajanmavedanīyah § 200
[YS 2.12]

tatra puṇyāpuṇyakarmāśayaḥ kāmalobhamohakrodh-abhavaḥ. sa dṛṣṭajanmavedanīyaś cādṛṣṭajanmavedanīyaś ca. tatra tīvrasaṁvegena mantratapaḥsamādhibhir nirvartita īśvaradevatāmaharśimahānubhāvānām ārādhanād vā yaḥ pariniṣpannah sa sadyaḥ paripacyate puṇyakarmāśaya iti. tathā tīvrakleśena bhītavyādhitakṛpaṇeṣu viśvāso-pagateṣu vā mahānubhāveṣu vā tapasviṣu kṛtaḥ punaḥ punar apakāraḥ sa cāpi pāpakarmāśayaḥ sadya eva paripacyate. yathā nandīśvaraḥ kumāro manusyapariṇāmam hitvā devatvena pariṇataḥ. tathā nahuṣo+api devānām indraḥ svakam pariṇāmam hitvā tiryaktvena pariṇata iti. tatra nārakānām nāsti dṛṣṭajanmavedanīyah karmāśayaḥ. kṣīṇa-kleśānām api nāsty adṛṣṭajanmavedanīyah karmāśaya iti. § 201

[YS 2.13] **sati mūle tadvipāko jātyāyurbhogāḥ** § 202

satsu klešeṣu karmāśayo vipākārambhī bhavati nocch-innakleśamūlah. yathā tuṣāvanaddhāḥ śalitaṇḍulā ada-gdhabījabhāvāḥ prarohasamarthā bhavanti, nāpanītatuṣā dagdhabījabhāvā vā tathā kleśāvanaddhaḥ karmāśayo vi-pākaprarohī bhavati, nāpanītakleśo na prasamkhyānada-gdhakleśabījabhāvo veti. sa ca vipākas trividho jātir āyur bhoga iti. § 203

tatredam vicāryate --- kim ekam karmaikasya janma-nah kāraṇam athaikam karmānekam janmākṣipatīti. dvitiyā vicāraṇā --- kim anekam karmānekam janma nirvartayati athānekam karmaikam janma nirvartayatīti. na tāvad ekam karmaikasya janmanah kāraṇam. kasmāt, anādikā-lapracitasyāsaṁkhyeyasyāvaśiṣṭasya karmanah sāmprati-kasya ca phalakramāniyamād anāśvāso lokasya prasaktaḥ, sa cāniṣṭa iti. na caikam karmānekasya janmanah kāraṇam. kasmāt, anekeṣu karmasu ekaikam eva karmānekasya janmanah kāraṇam ity avaśiṣṭasya vipākakālābhāvah prasa-

ktaḥ, sa cāpy anīṣṭa iti. na cānekam karmānekasya janma-nah kāraṇam. kasmāt, tad anekam janma yugapan na saṁbhavatīti kramenaiva vācyam. tathā ca pūrvadoṣānuṣāṅgaḥ. § 204

5 tasmāj janmaprāyaṇāntare kṛtaḥ punyāpunyakarmāś-
ayapracayo vicitraḥ pradhānopasarjanabhāvenāvasthitāḥ
prāyaṇābhiviyakta eka-praghaṭṭakena maraṇam prasādhyā
saṁmūrchita ekam eva janma karoti. tac ca janma tenaiva
10 karmaṇā labdhāyuṣkam bhavati. tasminn āyuṣi tenaiva ka-
rmaṇā bhogaḥ sampadyata iti. asau karmāśayo janmāyu-
rbhogahetutvāt trivipāko+abhidhīyata iti. ata ekabhavikāḥ
karmāśaya ukta iti. § 205

drṣṭajanmavedanīyas tv ekavipākārambhī bhogahetu-
tvād dvivipākārambhī vāyurbhogahetutvān nandīśvara-
15 van nahuśavad veti. kleśakarmavipākānubhavanirvartitā-
bhīs tu vāsanābhīr anādikālasaṁmūrchitam idam cittam
vicitrīkṛtam iva sarvato matsyajālam granthibhir ivātataṁ
ity etā anekabhavapūrvikā vāsanāḥ. yas tv ayam karmāś-
aya eṣa evaikabhavika ukta iti. ye saṁskārāḥ smṛtihetavas
20 tā vāsanās tāś cānādikālīnā iti. § 206

25 yas tv asāv ekabhavikāḥ karmāśayah sa niyatavipā-
kaś cāniyatavipākaś ca. tatra drṣṭajanmavedanīyasya ni-
yatavipākasyaivāyam niyamo na tv adṛṣṭajanmavedanī-
yasyāniyatavipākasya kasmāt. yo hy adṛṣṭajanmavedanī-
yo+aniyatavipākas tasya trayī gatih --- kṛtasyāvipakvasya
nāśah, pradhānakarmanī āvāpagamanam vā, niyatavipā-
kapradhānakarmanābhībhūtasya vā ciram avasthānam iti.
§ 207

tatra kṛtasyāvipakvasya nāśo yathā śuklakarmoda-
30 yād ihaiva nāśah kṛṣṇasya. yatreḍam uktam --- ``dve dve
ha vai karmaṇī veditavye pāpakasyaiko rāśih punyak-
ṛto+apahanti tad icchasva karmāṇī sukr̄tāni kartum ihaiva
te karma kavayo vedayante." § 208

35 pradhānakarmanī āvāpagamanam. yatreḍam uktam -
-- ``syāt svalpaḥ saṁkarah saparihārah sapratyavamarṣah
kuśalasya nāpakarsāyālam. kasmāt, kuśalam hi me bahv
anyad asti yatrāyam āvāpam gataḥ svarge+apy apakarṣam
alpam kariṣyati" iti. § 209

niyatavipākapradhānakarmaṇābhībhūtasya vā ciram
avasthānam. katham iti, adṛṣṭajanmavedanīyasyaiva niy-
atavipākasya karmaṇah samānām maraṇām abhivyakti-
kāraṇam uktam. na tv adṛṣṭajanmavedanīyasyāniyatavi-
pākasya. yat tv adṛṣṭajanmavedanīyam karmāniyatavip-
ākam tan naśyed āvāpam vā gacched abhībhūtam vā ci-
ram apy upāśīta, yāvat samānām karmābhivyañjakam ni-
mittam asya na vipākābhīmukham karotīti. tadvipākasy-
aiva deśakālanimittānavadhāraṇād iyam karmagatiś citrā
durvijñānā ceti. na cotsargasyāpavādān nivrttir ity ekabh-
avikah karmāśayo+anujñāyata iti. § 210

[YS 2.14] te hlādaparitāpaphalāḥ puṇyāpuṇyahetutvāt
§ 211

te janmāyurbhogāḥ puṇyahetukāḥ sukhaphalā apuṇy-
ahetukā duḥkhaphalā iti. yathā cedaṇ duḥkham pratikū-
lātmakam evam viśayasukhakāle+api duḥkham asty eva
pratikūlātmakam yogināḥ. § 212

katham, tad upapādyate --- § 213

**[YS 2.15] pariṇāmatāpasamskāraduḥkhair guṇavṛttivi-
rodhāc ca duḥkham eva sarvam vivekinaḥ** § 214

sarvasyāyam rāgānuviddhaś cetanācetanasādhanādh-
īnah sukhānubhava iti tatrāsti rāgajah karmāśayah. ta-
thā ca dveṣṭi duḥkhasādhanāni muhyati ceti dveṣamoha-
krto+apy asti karmāśayah. tathā coktam --- ``nānupahatya
bhūtāny upabhogaḥ saṁbhavatīti himsākrto+apy asti śar-
īrah karmāśayah" iti. viśayasukham cāvidyety uktam. § 215

yā bhogesv indriyāṇām trpter upaśāntis tat sukham. yā
laulyād anupaśāntis tad duḥkham. na cendriyāṇām bhog-
ābhyaśena vaitṛṣṇyam kartum śakyam. kasmāt, yato bhog-
ābhyaśam anu vivardhante rāgāḥ kauśalāni cendriyāṇām
iti. tasmād anupāyah sukhasya bhogābhyaśa iti. sa khalv
ayam vṛścikaviśabhitā ivāśīviṣeṇa daṣṭo yaḥ sukhārthī vi-
śayānūvāsito mahati duḥkhapañke nimagna iti. eṣā pari-
ṇāmaduḥkhatā nāma pratikūlā sukhāvasthāyām api yogi-
nam eva kliśnāti. § 216

atha kā tāpaduḥkhatā, sarvasya dveśānuviddhaś ceta-
nācetanasādhanādhīnas tāpānubhava iti tatrāsti dveśajah
karmāśayah. sukhasādhanāni ca prārthayamānah kāyena
vācā manasā ca parispondate tataḥ param anugṛhṇāty up-
5 ahanti ceti parānugrahapīḍābhyaṁ dharmādharmāv upa-
cinoti. sa karmāśayo lobhān mohāc ca bhavatīty eṣā tāpa-
duḥkhatocyate. kā punah samskāraduḥkhatā, sukhānubh-
avāt sukhasamskārāśayo duḥkhānubhavād api duḥkhasa-
miskārāśaya iti. evam karmabhyo vipāke+anubhūyamāne
10 sukhe duḥkhe vā punah karmāśayapracaya iti. § 217

evam idam anādi duḥkhasroto vīprasṛtam yoginam eva
pratikūlātmakatvād udvejayati. kasmāt, akṣipātrakalpo hi
vidvān iti. yathorṇātantur akṣipātre nyastah sparṣena du-
ḥkhayati na cānyeṣu gātrāvayavesu, evam etāni duḥkh-
15 āny akṣipātrakalpam yoginam eva kliśnanti netaram prati-
pattāram. itaram tu svakarmopahṛtam duḥkham upāttam
upāttam tyajantam tyaktam tyaktam upādadānam anād-
ivāsanāvicitrayā cittavṛttiā samantato 'nuviddham ivāvi-
dyayā hātavya evāhamkāramamakārānupātinam jātam jā-
20 tam bāhyādhyātmikobhayanmittās triparvāṇas tāpā anu-
plavante. tad evam anādinā duḥkhasrotasā vyuhymānam
ātmānam bhūtagrāmām ca drṣṭvā yogī sarvaduḥkhakṣay-
akāraṇam samyagdarśanam śaraṇam prapadyata iti. § 218

guṇavṛttivirodhāc ca duḥkham eva sarvam vivekinah.
25 prakhyāpravṛttisthitirūpā buddhiguṇāḥ parasparānugra-
hatantrī bhūtvā sāntam ghoram mūḍham vā pratyayam tr-
iguṇam evārabhante. calam ca guṇavṛttam iti kṣiprapari-
ṇāmi cittam uktam. rūpātiśayā vṛttiatiśayāś ca paraspar-
ena virudhyante, sāmānyāni tv atiśayaiḥ saha pravartante.
30 evam ete guṇā itaretarāśrayenopārjitasukhaduḥkhamoha-
pratyayāḥ sarve sarvarūpā bhavantīti, guṇapradhānabhā-
vakṛtas tv eṣām viśeṣa iti. tasmād duḥkham eva sarvam vi-
vekina iti. § 219

tad asya mahato duḥkhasamudāyasya prabhavabījam
35 avidyā. tasyāś ca samyagdarśanam abhāvahetuḥ. yathā ci-
kitsāśāstram caturvyūham --- rogo rogahetur ārogyam bh-
aiṣajyam iti. evam idam api śāstram caturvyūham eva. ta-
dyathā --- saṃsārah saṃsārahetur mokṣo mokṣopāya iti.

tatra duḥkhabahulaḥ saṃsāro heyah. pradhānapuruṣayoh
saṃyogo heyahetuḥ. saṃyogasyātyantikī nivṛttir hānam.
hānopāyah samyagdarśanam. § 220

tatra hātuḥ svarūpam upādeyaṁ vā heyam vā na bha-
vitum arhatītī hāne tasyocchedavādaprasaṅga upādāne ca 5
hetuvādaḥ. ubhayapratyākhyāne śāsvatavāda ity etat sa-
myagdarśanam. § 221

tad etac chāstram caturvyūham ity abhidhīyate --- § 222

[YS 2.16]

heyam duḥkham anāgatam § 223

duḥkham atītam upabhogenātivāhitam na heyapakṣe
vartate. vartamānam ca svakṣaṇe bhogārūḍham iti na tat
kṣaṇāntare heyatām āpadyate. tasmād yad evānāgatam
duḥkham tad evākṣipātrakalpam yoginam kliśnāti neta- 5
ram pratipattāram. tad eva heyatām āpadyate. § 224

tasmād yad eva heyam ity ucyate tasyaiva kāraṇam pr-
atinirdiṣyate --- § 225

[YS 2.17]

draṣṭṛdrśyayoḥ saṃyogo heyahetuḥ § 226

draṣṭā buddheḥ pratisamvedī puruṣaḥ. drśyā buddhis-
attvopārūḍhāḥ sarve dharmāḥ. tad etad drśyam ayaskānt-
amaṇikalpam samnidhimātropakāri drśyatvena svam bh-
avati puruṣasya drśirūpasya svāminah, anubhavakarmav- 5
iṣayatām āpannam yataḥ. anyasvarūpeṇa pratiabdhātma-
kam svatantram api parārthatvāt paratantram. § 227

tayor dr̥gdarśanaśaktyor anādir arthakṛtaḥ samyogo
heyahetur duḥkhasya kāraṇam ity arthaḥ. tathā coktam -
-- tatsaṃyogahetuvivarjanāt syād ayam ātyantiko duḥkh-
apratīkāraḥ. kasmāt, duḥkhahetoḥ parihāryasya pratīkār-
adarśanāt. tadyathā --- pādatalasya bhedyatā, kaṇṭakasya
bhettṛtvam, parihāraḥ kaṇṭakasya pā(pa)dānadhiṣṭhānam
pādatrāṇavyavahitena vādhiṣṭhānam, etat trayam yo veda
loke sa tatra pratīkāram ārabhamāṇo bhedajam duḥkham 10
nāpnoti. kasmāt, tritvopalabdhisāmarthyād iti. atrāpi tāp-
akasya rajasaḥ sattvam eva tapyam. kasmāt, tapikriyāyāḥ
karmasthatvāt, sattve karmaṇi tapikriyā nāpariṇāmini ni-
śkriye kṣetrajñe, darśitavisayatvāt. sattve tu tapyamāne ta-
dākārānurodhī puruṣo+apy anutapyata iti. § 228 15
20

dṛṣyasya varūpam ucyate --- § 229

**prakāśakriyāsthitiśīlam bhūtendriyātmakam
bhogāpavargārtham dṛṣyam** § 230

[YS 2.18]

prakāśaśīlam sattvam. kriyāśīlam rajah sthitiśīlam tama iti. ete guṇāḥ parasparsoparaktapravibhāgāḥ pariṇā-
5 mināḥ samyogaviyogadharmaṇā itaretaropāśrayeṇopārji- tamūrtayah parasparsāṅgāṅgitve+apy asaṁbhinnaśaktipr- avibhāgās tulyajātīyātulyajātīyaśaktibhedānupātināḥ pra-
dhānavelāyām upadarśitasaṁnidhānā guṇatve+api ca vy-
āpāramātreṇa pradhānāntarṇītānumitāstītāḥ puruṣārth-
10 akartavyatayā prayuktasāmarthyāḥ saṁnidhimātropakā- riṇo+ayaskāntamaṇikalpāḥ pratyayam antareṇa ikaṭamā-
sya vṛttim anuvartamānāḥ pradhānaśabdavācyā bhavanti.
etad dṛṣyam ity ucyate. § 231

tad etad bhūtendriyātmakam bhūtabhāvena pṛthivyā-
15 dinā sūkṣmāsthūlena pariṇamate. tathendriyabhāvena śr- otrādinā sūkṣmāsthūlena pariṇamata iti. tat tu nāprayojanam api tu prayojanam urarīkṛtya pravartata iti bhogāpav- argārtham hi tad dṛṣyam puruṣasyeti. tat reṣṭāniṣṭaguṇasv- arūpāvadhāraṇam avibhāgāpannam bhogo bhoktuḥ svar- ūpāvadhāraṇam apavarga iti. dvayor atiriktam anyad da-
rśanam nāsti. tathā coktam --- ayam tu khalu triṣu guṇeṣu kartriṣv akartari ca puruṣe tulyātulyajātīye caturthe tatkri-
yāsākṣiṇy upanīyamānān sarvabhāvān upapannān anup-
aṣyann adarśanam anyac chaṅkata iti. § 232

25 tāv etaū bhogāpavargau buddhikṛtau buddhāv eva vartamānau katham puruṣe vyapadiṣyete iti. yathā vija-
yah parājayo vā yoddhṛṣu vartamānāḥ svāmini vyapad-
iṣyate, sa hi tatphalasya bhokteti, evam bandhamokṣau
buddhāv eva vartamānau puruṣe vyapadiṣyete, sa hi ta-
30 tphalasya bhokteti. buddher eva puruṣārthāparisamāptir bandhas tadarthāvasāyo mokṣa iti. etena grahaṇadhāra-
ṇohāpohatattvajñānābhiniveśā buddhau vartamānāḥ pu-
ruṣe+adhyāropitasadbhāvāḥ. sa hi tatphalasya bhokteti.
§ 233

35 dṛṣyānām guṇānām svarūpabhedāvadhāraṇārtham idam
ārabhyate --- § 234

[YS 2.19] viśeṣāviśeṣaliṅgamātraliṅgāni guṇaparvāṇi
§ 235

tatrākāśavāyvagnyudakabhūmaya bhūtāni śabdasparsarūparasagandhatanmātrāṇām aviśeṣāṇām viśeṣāḥ. tathā śrotratvakcakṣurjihvāghrāṇāni buddhīndriyāṇi, vākprāṇipādapāyūpasthāḥ karmendriyāṇi, ekādaśam manah sarvārtham, ity etāny asmitālakṣaṇasyāviśeṣasya viśeṣāḥ. guṇāṇām esa ṣoḍaśako viśeṣapariṇāmāḥ. § 236

śad aviśeṣāḥ. tadyathā --- śabdatanmātram sparśatanmātram rūpatanmātram rasatanmātram gandhatanmātram ceti ekadvitricatuḥpañcalakṣaṇāḥ śabdādayaḥ pañcāviśeṣāḥ, ṣaṭhaś cāvišeṣo+asmitāmātra iti. ete sattāmātrasyātmāno mahataḥ ṣaḍaviśeṣapariṇāmāḥ. yat tat paramaviśeṣebhyo liṅgamātram mahattattvam tasminn ete sattāmātre mahaty ātmāny avasthāya vivṛddhikāṣṭhām anubhavanti. § 237

pratisaṁsṛjyamānāś ca tasminn eva sattāmātre mahaty ātmāny avasthāya yat tan niḥsattāsattam niḥsadasan nirasadavyaktam aliṅgam pradhānam tat pratiyanti. esa teṣāṁ liṅgamātrah pariṇāmo niḥsattāsattam cāliṅgapariṇāma iti. 20 § 238

aliṅgāvasthāyāṁ na puruṣārtho hetur nāliṅgāvasthāyāṁ ādau puruṣārthatā kāraṇam bhavatīti. na tasyāḥ puruṣārthatā kāraṇam bhavatīti. nāsau puruṣārthakṛteti nityākhyāyate. trayāṇām tv avasthāviśeṣāṇām ādau puruṣārthatā kāraṇam bhavati. sa cārtho hetur nimittam kāraṇam bhavatīty anityākhyāyate. guṇāḥ tu sarvadharmaṇupātino na pratyastam ayante nopajāyante. vyaktibhir evātītānāgatavyayāgamavatibhir guṇānvayinibhir upajananāpāyadharmanakā iva pratyavabhāsante. yathā devadatto daridrāti. kasmāt yato+asya mriyante gāva iti, gavām eva maraṇāt tasya daridrāṇam na svarūpahānād iti samah samādhīḥ. § 239

liṅgamātram aliṅgasya pratyāsanam, tatra tat saṁsṛṣṭam vivicyate kramān ativṛttayah. tathā ṣad aviśeṣā liṅgamātre saṁsṛṣṭā vivicyante pariṇāmakramaniyamāt. tathā teṣ aviśeṣeṣu bhūtendriyāṇi saṁsṛṣṭāni vivicyante. tathā coktam purastāt. na viśeṣebhyah param tattvāntaram astīti

viśeṣāṇāṁ nāsti tattvāntarapariṇāmaḥ. teṣāṁ tu dharmal-
akṣaṇāvasthāpariṇāmā vyākhyāyiṣyante. § 240

vyākhyātāṁ dr̄syam atha draṣṭuh svarūpāvadhāraṇā-
rtham idam ārabhyate --- § 241

**draṣṭā dr̄simātraḥ śuddho+api pratyayānup-
aśyah** § 242

[YS 2.20]

dr̄simātra iti dṛksaktir eva viśeṣaṇāparāmr̄ṣṭety arthaḥ.
sa puruṣo bhuddheḥ pratisaṁvedī. sa buddher na sarūpo
5 nātyantam virūpa iti. na tāvat sarūpah kasmāt. jñātājñāt-
aviṣayatvāt pariṇāminī hi buddhiḥ. tasyāś ca viṣayo gavā-
dir ghaṭādir vā jñātaś cājñātaś ceti pariṇāmitvam darśayati.
§ 243

10 sadājñātaviṣayatvam tu puruṣasyāpariṇāmitvam pari-
dīpayati kasmāt. na hi buddhiś ca nāma puruṣaviṣayaś ca
syād agr̄hītā gṛhītā ceti siddham puruṣasya sadājñātaviṣa-
yatvam tataś cāpariṇāmitvam iti. kiṁ ca parārthā buddhiḥ
samhatyakāritvāt, svārthah puruṣa iti. tathā sarvārthādhy-
avasāyakatvāt triguṇā buddhis triguṇatvād acetaneti. gu-
15 ḥānām tūpadraṣṭā puruṣa ity ato na sarūpah. § 244

20 astu tarhi virūpa iti. nātyantam virūpah kasmāt. śu-
ddho+apy asau pratyayānupaśyo yataḥ. pratyayanam bau-
ddham anupaśyati, tam anupaśyann atadātmāpi tadātm-
aka iva pratyavabhāsate. tathā coktam --- pariṇāminī hi
bhoktr̄saktir apratisaṁkramā ca pariṇāminy arthe pratisa-
ṁkrānteva tadvṛttim anupatati, tasyāś ca prāptacaitanyo-
pagraharūpāyā buddhivṛtter anukāramātratayā buddhiv-
ṛttypaviśiṣṭā hi jñānavṛttir ity ākhyāyate. § 245

tadartha eva dr̄syasyātmā § 246

[YS 2.21]

dr̄sirūpasya puruṣasya karmarūpatām āpannam dr̄-
syam iti tadartha eva dr̄syasyātmā bhavati. svarūpam bh-
avatīty arthaḥ. svarūpam tu pararūpeṇa pratilabdhātma-
5 kam bhogāpavargārthatāyām kṛtāyām puruṣena na dr̄sy-
ata iti. svarūpahānād asya nāśah prāpto na tu vinaśyati.
§ 247

kasmāt --- § 248

kṛtārtham̄ prati naṣṭam̄ apy anaṣṭam̄ tadanya-
 [YS 2.22] sādhāraṇatvāt̄ § 249

kṛtārtham̄ ekam̄ puruṣam̄ prati dṛśyam̄ naṣṭam̄ api nā-
 śam̄ prāptam̄ apy anaṣṭam̄ tadanyapuruṣasādhāraṇatvāt̄.
 kuśalam̄ puruṣam̄ prati nāśam̄ prāptam̄ apy akuśalān̄ pu-
 ruṣān̄ prati na kṛtārtham̄ iti teṣām̄ dṛśeh̄ karmaviṣayatām̄
 āpannam̄ labhata eva pararūpenātmarūpam̄ iti. ataś ca dṛ-
 gdarśanaśaktyor nityatvād anādiḥ samyogo vyākhyāta iti.
 tathā coktam --- dharmīṇām anādisamyogād dharmamā-
 trāṇām̄ apy anādiḥ samyoga iti. § 250

10
 samyogasvarūpābhidhītsayedam̄ sūtram̄ pravavṛte ---
 § 251

svasvāmiśaktyoh̄ svarūpopalabdhīhetuh̄ sa-
 [YS 2.23] myogah̄ § 252

puruṣah̄ svāmī dṛśyena svena darśanārtham̄ samyu-
 ktaḥ. tasmāt samyogād dṛśyasyopalabdhir yā sa bhogaḥ.
 yā tu draṣṭuh̄ svarūpopalabdhīḥ so+apavargaḥ. darśana-
 kāryāvasānah̄ samyoga iti darśanam̄ viyogasya kāraṇam̄
 uktam. darśanam adarśanasya pratidvandvīty adarśanam̄
 samyoganimittam uktam. nātra darśanam̄ mokṣakāraṇam̄
 adarśanābhāvād eva bandhābhāvah̄ sa mokṣa iti. darśana-
 sya bhāve bandhakāraṇasyādarśanasya nāśa ity ato darśa-
 nam̄ jñānam̄ kaivalyakāraṇam uktam. § 253

10
 kimcedam adarśanam̄ nāma, kim guṇānām adhikāra
 āhosvid dṛśirūpasya svāmino darśitaviṣayasya pradhāna-
 cittasyānutpādaḥ. svasmin dṛśye vidyamāne yo darśanā-
 bhāvah̄. § 254

15
 kim arthavattā guṇānām. athāvidyā svacittena saha
 niruddhā svacittasyotpattiḥījam. kim sthitisam̄skārakṣaye
 gatisam̄skārābhivyaktih̄. yatreḍam uktam̄ pradhānam̄ sth-
 ityaiva vartamānam̄ vikārākaraṇād apradhānam̄ syāt. § 255

20
 tathā gatyāiva vartamānam̄ vikāranityatvād apradhā-
 nam̄ syāt. ubhayathā cāsyā vṛttih̄ pradhānavyahāram̄ la-
 bhate nānyathā. kāraṇāntareṣv api kalpiteṣv eva samānaś
 carcaḥ. darśanaśaktir evādarśanam̄ ity eke, ``pradhānasy-
 ātmakhyāpanārthā pravṛttiḥ'' iti śruteḥ. § 256

sarvabodhyabodhasamarthaḥ prākpravṛtteḥ puruṣo
na paśyati sarvakāryakaraṇasamartham dṛśyam tadā na
dṛśyata iti. ubhayasyāpy adarśanam dharma ity eke. tatre-
dam dṛśyasya svātmabhūtam api puruṣapratyayāpekṣam
5 darśanam dṛśyadharmatvena bhavati. tathā puruṣasyān-
ātmabhūtam api dṛśyapratyayāpekṣam puruṣadharmatv-
enevādarśanam avabhāsate. darśanam jñānam evādarśa-
nam iti kecid abhidadhāti. ity ete sāstragatā vikalpāḥ. ta-
tra vikalpabahutvam etat sarvapuruṣāṇām guṇāṇām sa-
myoge sādhāraṇaviṣayam. § 257
10 yas tu pratyakcetanasya svabuddhisamyogah --- § 258

tasya hetur avidyā § 259

[YS 2.24]

viparyayajñānavāsanety arthaḥ. viparyayajñānavāsan-
āvāsitā ca na kāryaniṣṭhām puruṣakhyātīm buddhiḥ prā-
pnoti sādhikārā punar āvartate. sā tu puruṣakhyātiparya-
5 vasānām kāryaniṣṭhām prāpnoti, caritādhikārā nivṛttāda-
rśanā bandhakāraṇābhāvān na punar āvartate. § 260

atra kaścit paṇḍakopākhyānenodghāṭayati --- mugdh-
ayā bhāryayābhidhīyate --- paṇḍakāryaputra, apatyavatī
me bhaginī kimartham nāma nāham iti, sa tām āha --- mr-
10 tas te+aham apatyam utpādayiṣyāmīti. tathedam vidyam-
ānam jñānam cittanivṛttīm na karoti, vinaṣṭam kariṣyatīti
kā pratyāśā. tatrācāryadeśīyo vakti --- nanu buddhinivṛttir
eva mokṣo+adarśanakāraṇābhāvād buddhinivṛttiḥ. tac cā-
darśanam bandhakāraṇam darśanān nivartate. tatra citta-
15 nivṛttir eva moksah, kimartham asthāna evāsyā mativibhr-
amaḥ. § 261

heyam duḥkham heyakāraṇam ca samyogākhyam san-
imittam uktam atah param hānam vaktavyam --- § 262

**tadabhāvāt samyogābhāvo hānam taddrśeh
kaivalyam** § 263

[YS 2.25]

tasyādarśanasyābhāvād buddhipuruṣasamyogābhāva
ātyantiko bandhanoparama ity arthaḥ. etad dhānam. tadd-
5 rśeh kaivalyam puruṣasyāmiśrībhāvah punar asamyogo
guṇair ity arthaḥ. duḥkhakāraṇanivṛttau duḥkhoparamo
hānam, tadā svarūpapratiṣṭhah puruṣa ity uktam. § 264

atha hānasya kah prāptyupāya iti --- § 265

[YS 2.26] **vivekakhyātir aviplavā hānopāyah** § 266

sattvapuruṣānyatāpratyayo vivekakhyātiḥ. sā tv anivṛttamithyājñānā plavate. yadā mithyājñānam dagdhabīja-bhāvam vandhyaprasavam sampadyate tadā vidhūtaklesarajasah sattvasya pare vaiśāradye parasyām vaśikāras-
amjñāyām vartamānasya vivekapratyayapravāho nirmalo
bhavati. sā vivekakhyātir aviplavā hānopāyah. tato mithyājñānasya dagdhabījabhāvopagamaḥ punaś cāprasava ity
eṣa mokṣasya mārgo hānasyopāya iti. § 267

[YS 2.27] **tasya saptadhā prāntabhūmih prajñā** § 268

tasyeti pratyuditakhyāteḥ pratyāmnāyah. saptadheti
aśuddhyāvaraṇamalāpagamāc cittasya pratyayāntarānu-
tpāde sati saptaprakāraiva prajñā vivekino bhavati. § 269

tadyathā --- pari�ñātām heyam nāsyā punaḥ pari�neyam
asti. kṣīṇā heyahetavo na punar eteṣām kṣetavyam asti. sā-
kṣātkṛtam nirodhasamādhinā hānam. bhāvito vivekakhy-
ātirūpo hānopāya iti. eṣā catuṣṭayī kāryā vimuktih prajñā-
yāḥ. cittavimuktis tu trayī caritādhikārā buddhiḥ. guṇā gir-
iśikharataṭacyutā iva grāvāṇo niravasthānāḥ svakāraṇe pr-
alayābhīmukhāḥ saha tenāstām gacchanti. na ca iṣām prav-
ilīnānām punar asty utpādaḥ prayojanābhāvād iti. etasyām
avasthāyām guṇasamābandhātītaḥ svarūpamātrajyotiḥ am-
alaḥ kevalī puruṣa iti. etām saptavidhām prāntabhūmipr-
ajñām anupaśyan puruṣaḥ kuśala ity ākhyāyate. pratipras-
ave pi cittasya muktaḥ kuśala ity eva bhavati guṇātītatvād
iti. § 270

siddhā bhavati vivekakhyātir hānopāya iti, na ca si-
ddhir antareṇa sādhanam ity etad ārabhyate --- § 271

[YS 2.28] **yogāṅgānuṣṭhānād aśuddhiksaye jñānadīptir
ā vivekakhyāteḥ** § 272

yogāṅgāny aṣṭāv abhidhāyiṣyamāṇāni. teṣām anuṣṭhā-
nāt pañcaparvaṇo viparyayasyāśuddhirūpasya kṣayo nā-
saḥ. tatksaye samyagjñānasyābhivyaktih. yathā yathā ca
sādhanāny anuṣṭhīyante tathā tathā tanutvam aśuddhir
5

āpadyate. yathā yathā ca kṣīyate tathā tathā kṣayakramā-nurodhinī jñānasyāpi dīptir vivardhate. sā khalv eṣā vivṛddhiḥ prakarṣam anubhavatyā vivekakhyāteḥ, ā gunapuruṣasvarūpavijñānād ity arthah. yogāṅgānuṣṭhānam aś-
5 uddher viyogakāraṇam. yathā paraśuś chedyasya. viveka-khyātes tu prāptikāraṇam yathā dharmah sukhasya nāny-
athā kāraṇam. kati caitāni kāraṇāni sāstre bhavanti. nava-
ivety āha. tadyathā --- § 273

10 ``utpattisthityabhivyaktivikārapratyayāptayah / viyo-
gānyatvadhr̥tayah kāraṇam navadhā smṛtam" iti // § 274

tatrotpattikāraṇam mano bhavati vijñānasya, sthitikāraṇam manasaḥ puruṣārthatā, śarīrasyevāhāra iti. abhivyaktikāraṇam yathā rūpasyālokas tathā rūpajñānam, vikāra-kāraṇam manaso viṣayāntaram. yathāgnih pākyasya. prātyayakāraṇam dhūmajñānam agnijñānasya. prāptikāraṇam yogāṅgānuṣṭhānam vivekakhyāteḥ. § 275

20 viyogakāraṇam tad evāśuddheḥ. anyatvakāraṇam ya-thā suvarṇasya suvarṇakāraḥ. evam ekasya strīpratyaya-syāvidyā mūḍhatve dveṣo duḥkhatve rāgaḥ sukhatve ta-ttvajñānam mādhyasthye. dhṛ̥tikāraṇam śarīram indriyā-
ṇām. tāni ca tasya. mahābhūtāni śarīrāṇām, tāni ca para-sparam sarvesām tairyagyaunamānuṣadaivatāni ca para-spārthatvād ity evam nava kāraṇāni. tāni ca yathāsaṁbhavam padārthāntareṣv api yojyāni. yogāṅgānuṣṭhānam tu
25 dvidhaiva kāraṇatvam labhata iti. § 276

tatra yogāṅgāny avadhāryante --- § 277

yamaniyamāsanaprāṇāyāmapratyāhāradhāra-
nādhyānasamādhayo+asṭāv aṅgāni § 278

[YS 2.29]

yathākramam eṣām anuṣṭhānam svarūpam ca vakṣyā-
maḥ. § 279

5 tatra --- § 280

ahimsāsatyāsteyabrahmacaryāparigrahā yamāḥ
§ 281

[YS 2.30]

tatrāhimsā sarvathā sarvadā sarvabhūtānām anabhidrohaḥ. uttare ca yamaniyamās tanmūlās tatsiddhiparataya-
5 iva tatpratipādanāya pratipādyante. tadavadātarūpakara-

ṇāyaivopādīyante. tathā coktam --- sa khalv ayam brāhm-aṇo yathā yathā vratāni bahūni samāditsate tathā tathā pr-amādakṛtebhyo himsānidānebhyo nivartamānas tām evā-vadātarūpām ahiṁsām karoti. § 282

satyam yathārthe vāñmanase. yathā drṣṭam yathānum-
itam tathā vāñ manaś ceti. paratra svabodhasaṁkrāntaye
vāg uktā, sā yadi na vañcitā bhrāntā vā pratipattivandhyā
vā bhaved iti. eṣā sarvabhūtopakārārtham pravṛttā na bhū-
topaghātāya. yadi caivam apy abhidhīyamānā bhūtopagh-
ātaparaiva syān na satyam bhavet pāpam eva bhavet tena
puṇyābhāsenā puṇyapratirūpakeṇa kaṣṭam tamah prāpn-
uyāt. tasmāt parīkṣya sarvabhūtahitam satyam brūyāt. § 283

steyam aśāstrapūrvakam dravyāṇām parataḥ svīkara-
ṇām, tatpratiṣedhaḥ punar asprhārūpam asteyam iti. bra-
hmaçaryam guptendriyasyopasthasya samyamah. viṣayā-
ṇām arjanarakṣaṇakṣayasaṅgahimṣādoṣadarśanād asvīk-
araṇam aparigraha ity ete yamāḥ. § 284

te tu --- § 285

jātideśakālasamayānavacchinnāḥ sārvabhaumā mahāvratam § 286

[YS 2.31] tatrāhimṣā jātyavacchinnā matsyavadhakasya matsy-
eṣv eva nānyatra himṣā. saiva deśāvacchinnā na tīrthe
haniṣyāmīti. saiva kālāvacchinnā na caturdaśyām na pu-
ṇye+ahani haniṣyāmīti. saiva tribhir uparatasya samayāv-
acchinnā devabrāhmaṇārthe nānyathā haniṣyāmīti. yathā
ca kṣatriyāṇām yuddha eva himṣā nānyatreti. ebhīr jātid-
eśakālasamayair anavacchinnā ahiṁsādayaḥ sarvathaiva
paripālanīyāḥ. sarvabhūmiṣu sarvaviṣayēṣu sarvathaivā-
viditavyabhicārāḥ sārvabhaumā mahāvratam ity ucyante.
§ 287

śaucasamtoṣatapaḥsvādhyāyeśvarapraṇidhānāni niyamāḥ § 288

[YS 2.32] tatra śaucam mrjjalādijanitam medhyābhyavaharaṇādi
ca bāhyam. ābhyantaram cittamalānām āksālanam. samt-
oṣaḥ samnihitasādhanād adhikasyānupāditsā. tapo dva-
mḍvasahanam. dvamdvāś ca jighatsāpipāse śītoṣṇe sthān-

āsane kāṣṭhamauṇākāramaune ca. vratāni caisām yathāyogaṁ kṛcchracāndrāyaṇasāṁtapanādīni. svādhyāyo mokṣaśāstrāṇām adhyayanaṁ praṇavajapo vā. īśvarapraṇidhānam tasmin paramagurau sarvakarmārpaṇam. § 289

5 śayyāsanastho+atha pathi vrajan vā svasthah parikṣīṇ-
avitarkajālah / § 290

samsārabījakṣayam īkṣamāṇah syān nityayukto+amṛtabhogabhāgī
// § 291

yatredam uktam tataḥ pratyakcetanādhigamo+apy
10 antarāyābhāvaś ceti. § 292
eteṣām yamaniyamānām --- § 293

vitarkabādhane pratipakṣabhāvanam § 294

[YS 2.33]

yadāsyā brāhmaṇasya hiṁsādayo vitarkā jāyeran hani-
ṣyāmy aham apakāriṇam anṛtam api vakṣyāmi dravyam
5 apy asya svikariṣyāmi dāreṣu cāsyā vyavāyī bhaviṣyāmi
parigraheṣu cāsyā svāmī bhaviṣyāmīti. evam unmārgapra-
vaṇavitarkajvareṇātidīptena bādhyamānas tatpratipakṣān
bhāvayet. ghoreṣu samsārāṅgāreṣu pacyamānena mayā
śaraṇam upāgataḥ sarvabhūtābhaya pradānena yogadha-
rmaḥ. sa khalv aham tyaktvā vitarkān punas tān ādadānas
10 tulyāḥ śvavṛtteneti bhāvayet. yathā śvā vāntāvalehī tathā
tyaktasya punar ādadāna iti. evamādi sūtrāntareṣv api yo-
jyam. § 295

vitarkā hiṁsādayaḥ kṛtakāritānumoditā lobh- akrodhamohapūrvakā mṛḍumadhyādhimātrā du- ḥkhājñānānantaphalā iti pratipakṣabhāvanam

[YS 2.34]

§ 296

5 tatra hiṁsā tāvat --- kṛtā kāritānumoditē tridhā. eka-
ikā punas tridhā lobhena māṁsacarmārthena kroḍhenāp-
akṛtam aneneti mohena dharmo me bhaviṣyatīti. lobhakro-
dhamohāḥ punas trividhā mṛḍumadhyādhimātrā iti. evam
saptavimśatir bhedā bhavanti hiṁsāyāḥ. mṛḍumadhyādh-
imātrāḥ punas tridhā --- mṛḍumṛḍur madhyamṛḍus tīvr-
10 amṛḍur iti. tathā mṛḍumadhyo madhyamadhyas tīvramā-
dhyā iti. tathā mṛḍutīvro madhyatīvro+adhimātratīvra iti.

3. [SĀDHANAPĀDAH]

evam ekāśītibhedā hiṁsā bhavati. sā punar niyamavikalp-
asamuccayabhedād asamkhyeyā, prāṇabhṛdbhedasyāpar-
isamkhyeyatvād iti. evam anṛtādiṣv api yojyam. § 297

te khalv amī vitarkā duḥkhājñānānantaphalā iti prati-
paksabhāvanam. duḥkham ajñānam cānantam phalam ye-
ṣām iti pratipakṣabhāvanam. tathā ca hiṁsakas tāvat pra-
thamam vadhyasya vīryam ākṣipati. tataś ca śastrādinipāt-
ena duḥkhayati. tato jīvitād api mocayati. tato vīryākṣepād
asya cetanācetanam upakaraṇam kṣīṇavīryam bhavati. du-
ḥkhotpādān narakatiryakpretādiṣu duḥkham anubhavati,
jīvitavyaparopāṇāt pratikṣaṇam ca jīvitātyaye vartamāno
maraṇam icchann api duḥkhavipākasya niyatavipākaved-
anīyatvāt kathamcid evocchvasiti. yadi ca kathamcit puṇy-
āvāpagatā hiṁsā bhavet tatra sukhaprāptau bhaved alpā-
yur iti. evam anṛtādiṣv api yojyam yathāsambhavam. evam
vitarkāṇām cāmum evānugatam vipākam anisṭam bhāva-
yan na vitarkeṣu manah praṇidadhīta. § 298

pratipakṣabhāvanād dhetor heyā vitarkā yadāsyā syur
aprasavadharmāṇas tadā tatkr̄tam aiśvaryam yoginah si-
ddhisūcakam bhavati. tadyathā --- § 299

**[YS 2.35] ahimsāpratiṣṭhāyām tatsaṁnidhau vairatyā-
gah** § 300

sarvaprāṇinām bhavati. § 301

[YS 2.36] satyapratiṣṭhāyām kriyāphalāśrayatvam § 302
dhārmiko bhūyā iti bhavati dhārmikah, svargam prā-
pnuhīti svargam prāpnoti amoghāsyā vāg bhavati. § 303

[YS 2.37] asteyapratiṣṭhāyām sarvaratnopasthānam § 304
sarvadiksthāny asyopatiṣṭhante ratnāni. § 305

[YS 2.38] brahmacaryapratiṣṭhāyām vīryalābhah § 306
yasya lābhād apratighān gunān utkarṣayati. siddhaś ca
vineyeṣu jñānam ādhātum samartha bhavatīti. § 307

[YS 2.39] aparigrahasthairyē janmakathāṁtāsaṁbodhah
§ 308

asya bhavati ko+aham āsam katham aham āsam ki-
 mṣvid idam kathamṣvid idam ke vā bhaviṣyāmaḥ katham
 vā bhaviṣyāma ity evam asya pūrvāntaparāntamadhyeṣv
 5 ātmabhāvajījāsā svarūpeṇopāvartate. etā yamasthairye si-
 ddhayah. § 309
 niyameṣu vakṣyāmaḥ --- § 310

śaucāt svāṅgajugupsā parair asamsargah § 311 [YS 2.40]
 svāṅge jugupsāyām śaucam ārabhamāṇah kāyāvadya-
 darśī kāyānabhiṣvaṅgī yatir bhavati. kimca parair asamsa-
 rgaḥ kāyasvabhāvāvalokī svam api kāyām jihāsur mr̄ijjalā-
 5 dibhir ākṣālayann api kāyaśuddhim apaśyan katham par-
 akāyair atyantam evāprayataih samṣrjyeta. § 312
 kimca --- § 313

sattvaśuddhisauamanasyaikāgryendriyajayātma-
darśanayogyatvāni ca § 314 [YS 2.41]
 bhavantīti vākyāśeṣah. śuceḥ sattvaśuddhis tataḥ sau-
 manasyām tata aikāgryām tata indriyajayas tataś cātmad-
 5 arśanayogyatvām buddhisattvasya bhavatīty etac chauca-
 sthairyād adhigamyata iti. § 315

samtoṣād anuttamaḥ sukhalābhah § 316 [YS 2.42]
 tathā coktam --- § 317
 ``

yac ca kāmasukham loke yac ca divyām mahat
 sukham /
 5 trṣṇākṣayasukhasyaite nārhataḥ śoḍāśīm
 kalām § 320
 " iti. § 321

kāyendriyasiddhir aśuddhikṣayāt tapasah [YS 2.43]
 § 322

nirvartyamānam eva tapo hinasty aśuddhyāvaraṇama-
 lam tadāvaraṇamalāpagamāt kāyasiddhir aṇimādyā. tath-
 5 endriyasiddhir dūrāc chravaṇadarśanādyeti. § 323

3. [SĀDHANAPĀDAH]

- [YS 2.44] **svādhyāyād iṣṭadevatāsamprayogah** § 324
devā ṛṣayaḥ siddhāś ca svādhyāyaśilasya darśanam ga-
cchanti, kārye cāsyā vartanta iti. § 325
- [YS 2.45] **samādhisiddhir īśvarapraṇidhānāt** § 326
īśvarārpitasarvabhāvasya samādhisiddhir yayā sarvam
īpsitam avitathām jānāti deśāntare dehāntare kālāntare ca.
tato+asya prajñā yathābhūtam prajānātīti. § 327
uktāḥ saha siddhibhir yamaniyamāḥ āsanādīni vakṣy- 5
āmah tatra --- § 328
- [YS 2.46] **sthirasukham āsanam** § 329
tadyathā padmāsanam bhadrāsanam svastikam daṇḍ-
āsanam sopāśrayam paryāṇkam krauñcaniṣadanam ha-
stiniṣadanam uṣṭraniṣadanam samasamsthānam sthira-su-
kham yathāsukham cety evamādīni. § 330 5
- [YS 2.47] **prayatnaśaithilyānantasamāpattibhyām** § 331
bhavatīti vākyāśeṣaḥ prayatnoparamāt sidhyaty āsa-
nam yena nāṅgamejayo bhavati. anante vā samāpannam
cittam āsanam nirvartayatīti. § 332
- [YS 2.48] **tato dvandvānabhighātaḥ** § 333
śītoṣṇādibhir dvandvair āsanajayān nābhībhūyate. § 334
- [YS 2.49] **tasmin sati śvāsapraśvāsayor gativicchedah
prāṇāyāmaḥ** § 335
saty āsanajaye bāhyasya vāyor ācamanam śvāsaḥ, kau-
ṣṭhyasya vāyor nihsāraṇam praśvāsaḥ, taylor gativiccheda
ubhayābhāvah prāṇāyāmaḥ. § 336 5
sa tu --- § 337
- [YS 2.50] **bāhyābhyanṭarastambhavṛttir deśakālasamākhy-
ābhīḥ paridṛṣṭo dīrghasūkṣmaḥ** § 338
yatram praśvāsapūrvako gatyabhāvah sa bāhyah. yatra
śvāsapūrvako gatyabhāvah sa ābhyanṭarah. tṛṭīyah stam-
bhavṛttir yatrobhayābhāvah sakṛṭprayatnād bhavati. ya- 5
thā tapte nyastam upale jalāḥ sarvataḥ samkocam āpa-

dyate tathā dvayor yugapad gatyabhāva iti. trayo 'py ete deśena paridṛṣṭā iyān asya viṣayo deśa iti. kālena paridṛṣṭāḥ kṣaṇānām iyattāvadhāraṇenāvacchinnā ity arthaḥ. saṃkhyābhīḥ paridṛṣṭā etāvadbhiḥ śvāsapraśvāsaiḥ prathama udghātas tadvan nigr̥hitasyaitāvadbhir dvitīya udghāta evam tr̥tīyah. evam mṛdur evam madhya evam tīvra iti samkhyāparidṛṣṭah. sa khalv ayam evam abhyasto dīrghasūkṣmaḥ. § 339

bāhyābhyan taraviṣayākṣepī caturthah § 340

[YS 2.51]

deśakālasamkhyābhir bāhyaviṣayaparidṛṣṭa ākṣiptah. tathābhyan taraviṣayaparidṛṣṭa ākṣiptah. ubhayathā dīrghasūkṣmaḥ. tatpūrvako bhūmijayāt krameṇobhaylor gatyabhāvaś caturthah prāṇāyāmaḥ. tr̥tīyas tu viṣayānālocito gatyabhāvah sakṛdārabdhā eva deśakālasamkhyābhīḥ paridṛṣṭo dīrghasūkṣmaḥ. caturthas tu śvāsapraśvāsayor viṣayāvadhāraṇāt kramena bhūmijayād ubhayākṣepapūrvako gatyabhāvaś caturthah prāṇāyāma ity ayam višeṣa iti.

§ 341

tataḥ kṣīyate prakāśāvaraṇam § 342

[YS 2.52]

prāṇāyāmān abhyasyato+asya yoginah kṣīyate viveka-jñānāvaraṇīyam karma. yat tad ācakṣate. mahāmohamayenendrajālena prakāśāśilam sattvam āvṛtya tad evākārye niyuṅkta iti. tad asya prakāśāvaraṇam karma samsāranib-andhanam prāṇāyāmābhyaśād durbalam bhavati pratikṣanām ca kṣīyate. tathā coktam. "tapo na param prāṇāyāmāt tato viśuddhir malānām dīptiś ca jñānasya" iti. § 343

kimca --- § 344

dhāraṇāsu ca yogyatā manasah § 345

[YS 2.53]

prāṇāyāmābhyaśād eva "pracchardanavidhāraṇābhyaṁ vā prāṇasya" iti vacanāt. § 346

atha kah pratyāhārah --- § 347

svaviṣayāsamprayoge cittasvarūpānukāra iv-endriyāṇām pratyāhārah § 348

[YS 2.54]

svaviṣayasamprayogābhāve cittasvarūpānukāra iveti,
cittanirodhe cittavanniruddhānīndriyāṇi netarendriyajay-
avadupāyāntaram apekṣante. yathā madhukararājām ma-
kṣikā utpatantam anūtpatanti niviśamānam anu niviśante
tathendriyāṇi cittanirodhe niruddhānīty eṣa pratyāhāraḥ. 5
§ 349

[YS 2.55] **tataḥ paramā vaśyatendriyāṇām** § 350

śabdādiṣv avyasanam indriyajaya iti kecit. saktir vyas-
anam vyasyaty enam śreyasa iti. aviruddhā pratipattir ny-
āyyā. śabdādisamprayogaḥ svecchayety anye. rāgadvesā-
bhāve sukhaduhkhaśūnyam śabdādijñānam indriyajaya iti 5
kecit. cittaikāgryād apratipattir eveti jaigīṣavyah. tatas ca
paramā tv iyam vaśyatā yac cittanirodhe niruddhānīndri-
yāṇi netarendriyajayavat prayatnakṛtam upāyāntaram ap-
ekṣante yogina iti. § 351

iti śrīpātāñjale sāṃkhyapravacane yogaśāstre

śrīmadvyāsabhāṣye dvitīyah sādhanapādaḥ 2.

10

4 [Vibhūtipādaḥ]

uktāni pañca bahiraṅgāni(ṇi) sādhanāni. dhāraṇā vaktavyā

--- § 353

[YS 3.1] **deśabandhaś cittasya dhāraṇā** § 354

nābhicakre hṛdayapuṇḍarīke mūrdhni jyotiṣi nāsikā-
gre jihvāgra ity evamādiṣu deśeṣu bāhye vā viṣaye cittasya
vr̥ttimātreṇa bandha iti dhāraṇā. § 355

tatra § 356

5

[YS 3.2] **pratyayaikatānatā dhyānam** § 357

tasmin deṣe dhyeyālambanasya pratyayasyaikatānatā
sadṛśaḥ pravāhaḥ pratyayāntareṇāparāmr̥ṣṭo dhyānam.
§ 358

tad evārthamātranirbhāsam svarūpaśūnyam

[YS 3.3] **iva samādhīḥ** § 359

dhyānam eva dhyeyākārānirbhāsam̄ pratyayātmakena svarūpeṇa śūnyam iva yadā bhavati dhyeyasvabhāvāveśāt tadā samādhir ity ucyate. § 360

trayam ekatra samyamah § 361

[YS 3.4]

tad etad dhāraṇādhyānasamādhitrayam ekatra samyamah. ekaviṣayāṇi trīṇi sādhanāni samyama ity ucyate. tad asya trayasya tāntrikī paribhāṣā samyama iti. § 362

tajjayāt prajñālokaḥ § 363

[YS 3.5]

tasya samyamasya jayāt samādhiprajñāyā bhavaty āloko yathā yathā samyamah sthirapado bhavati tathā tathā samādhiprajñā viśāradī bhavati. § 364

tasya bhūmiṣu viniyogah § 365

[YS 3.6]

tasya samyamasya jitabhūmer yānantarā bhūmis tatra viniyogaḥ. na hy ajitādharabhūmir anantarabhūmim vi-laṅghya prāntabhūmiṣu samyamam labhate. tadabhāvāc
5 ca kutas tasya prajñālokaḥ. īśvaraprasādāj jitottarabhūmikasya ca nādharabhūmiṣu paracittajñānādiṣu samyamo yuktaḥ. kasmāt, tadarthasyānyata evāvagatatvāt. bhūmer asyā iyam anantarā bhūmir ity atra yoga evopādhyāyah. katham evam hy uktam. ``

10 yogena yogo jñātavyo yogo yogāt pravartate /
yo+apramattas tu yogena sa yoge ramate
ciram § 368
" iti. § 369

trayam antaraṅgam pūrvebhyaḥ § 370

[YS 3.7]

tad etad dhāraṇādhyānasamādhitrayam antaraṅgam samprajñātasya samādheḥ pūrvebhyo yamādibhyaḥ pañcabhyah sādhanebhya iti. § 371

tad api bahiraṅgam nirbījasya § 372

[YS 3.8]

tad apy antaraṅgam sādhanatrayam nirbījasya yogasya bahiraṅgam bhavati kasmāt, tadabhāve bhāvād iti. § 373

atha nirodhacittakṣaṇeṣu calam gunavṛttam iti kīdrśas
5 tadā cittapariṇāmaḥ --- § 374

vyutthānananirodhasaṃskārator abhibhavaprādurbhāvau nirodhakṣaṇacittārvayo nirodhapa-

[YS 3.9] **riṇāmaḥ** § 375

vyutthānasamāskārāś cittadharmaṇa te pratyayātmakā iti pratyayanirodhe na niruddhā nirodhasaṃskārā api cittadharmaṇas taylor abhibhavaprādurbhāvau vyutthānasamāskārā hīyante nirodhasaṃskārā ādhīyante. nirodhakṣaṇam cittam anveti tad ekasya cittasya pratikṣaṇam idam samāskārānyathātvam nirodhapariṇāmaḥ. tada samāskāraś-eṣam cittam iti nirodhasamādhau vyākhyātam. § 376

5

10

[YS 3.10] **tasya praśāntavāhitā samāskārāt** § 377

nirodhasaṃskārābhyaśapāṭavāpeksā praśāntavāhitā cittasya bhavati. tatsaṃskāramāndye vyutthānadharmaṇā samāskāreṇa nirodhadharmaṇa+abhibhūyata iti. § 378

[YS 3.11] **sarvārthatataikāgratayoh kṣayodayau cittasya samādhipariṇāmaḥ** § 379

sarvārthatā cittadharmaṇah. ekāgratāpi cittadharmaṇah. sarvārthatāyāḥ kṣayas tirobhāva ity arthaḥ. ekāgratāyā udāya āvirbhāva ity arthaḥ. taylor dharmitvenānugatam cittam, tad idam cittam apāyopajanayoh svātmabhūtaylor dharmayor anugatam samādhīyate sa cittasya samādhipariṇāmaḥ. § 380

tataḥ punah § 381

[YS 3.12] **śāntoditau tulyapratyayau cittasyaikāgratāpariṇāmaḥ** § 382

samāhitacittasya pūrvapratyayaḥ śānta uttaras tatsaṅgrhaṇa uditah, samādhicittam ubhayaḥ anugatam punas tathāivāsamādhibhreṣād iti. sa khalv ayan dharmiṇāś cittasyaikāgratāpariṇāmaḥ. § 383

5

[YS 3.13] **etenā bhūtendriyeṣu dharmalakṣaṇāvasthāpariṇāmā vyākhyātāḥ** § 384

etenā pūrvoktena cittapariṇāmena dharmalakṣaṇāvasthārūpeṇa bhūtendriyeṣu dharmapariṇāmo lakṣaṇapari-

ṇāmo+avasthāparināmaś cokto veditavyaḥ. tatra vyutthā-nanirodhayor abhibhavapradurbhāvau dharmiṇi dharma-parināmaḥ. lakṣaṇapariṇāmaś ca nirodhas trilakṣaṇas tribhir adhvabhir yuktaḥ. sa khalv anāgatalakṣaṇam adhvānam prathamam hitvā dharmatvam anatikrānto vartamānalakṣaṇam pratipannah. yatrāsyā svarūpenābhivyaktih. eṣo+asya dvitīyo+adhvā. na cātītānāgatābhyaṁ lakṣaṇā-bhyām viyuktah. § 385

tathā vyutthānam trilakṣaṇam tribhir adhvabhir yuktam vartamānalakṣaṇam hitvā dharmatvam anatikrāntam atītalakṣaṇam pratipannam. eṣo+asya tritīyo+adhvā. na cānāgatavartamānbhyām lakṣaṇābhyaṁ viyuktam. evam punar vyutthānam upasampadyamānam anāgatalakṣaṇam hitvā dharmatvam anatikrāntam vartamānalakṣaṇam pratipannam. yatrāsyā svarūpābhivyaktau satyām vyāpārah eṣo+asya dvitīyo+adhvā. na cātītānāgatābhyaṁ lakṣaṇābhyaṁ viyuktam iti. evam punar nirodha evam punar vyutthānam iti. § 386

tathāvasthāparināmaḥ tatra nirodhakṣaṇeṣu nirodhas-
amśkārā balavanto bhavanti durbalā vyutthānasamśkārā
iti. eṣa dharmāṇām avasthāparināmaḥ. tatra dharmiṇo dharmaiḥ pariṇāmo dharmāṇām tryadhvanām lakṣaṇaiḥ pariṇāmo lakṣaṇānām apy avasthābhiḥ pariṇāma iti. evam dharmalakṣaṇāvasthāparināmaiḥ śūnyam na kṣaṇam api
guṇavṛttam avatiṣṭhate. calam ca guṇavṛttam. guṇasvābhāvyam tu pravṛttikāraṇam uktam guṇānām iti. etena bhūt-endriyeṣu dharmadharmibhedāt trividhah pariṇāmo veditavyaḥ. § 387

paramārthatas tv eka eva pariṇāmaḥ. dharmisvarūpa-mātro hi dharmo dharmivikriyaivaisā dharmadvārā pra-pañcyata iti. tatra dharmasya dharmiṇi vartamānasyaiv-ādhvasv atītānāgatavartamāneṣu bhāvānyathātvam bhavati na tu dravyānyathātvam. yathā suvarṇabhājanasya bhitvānyathākriyamāṇasya bhāvānyathātvam bhavati na su-varṇānyathātvam iti. § 388

apara āha --- dharmānabhyadhiko dharmī pūrvatattvānatikramāt. pūrvāparāvasthābhedam anupatitaḥ kauṭa-sthyenaiva parivarteta yady anvayī syād iti. § 389

ayam adoṣah. kasmāt. ekāntatānabhyupagamāt. tad etat trailokyam vyakter apaiti nityatvapratishedhāt. apetam apy asti vināśapratishedhāt. samsargāc cāsyā saukṣmyam, saukṣmyāc cānupalabdhir iti. § 390

lakṣaṇapariṇāmo dharmo+adhusu vartamāno+atīto+atītalakṣaṇayukta lakṣaṇābhyaṁ aviyuktah. tathānāgato+anāgatalakṣaṇayukto vartamānātītābhyaṁ lakṣaṇābhyaṁ aviyuktah. tathā vartamāno vartamānalakṣaṇayukto+atītānāgatābhyaṁ lakṣaṇābhyaṁ aviyukta iti. yathā puruṣa ekasyām striyām rakto na śesāsu virakto bhavatīti. § 391

10

atra lakṣaṇapariṇāme sarvasya sarvalakṣaṇayogād adhv asamkaraḥ prāpnotīti parair doṣaś codyata iti. tasya pari hārah --- dharmāṇām dharmatvam aprasādhyam. sati ca dharmatve lakṣaṇabhedo+api vācyo na vartamānasamaya evāsyā dharmatvam. evam hi na cittam rāgadharmakam syāt krodhakāle rāgasyāsamudācārād iti. § 392

15

kimca trayāṇām lakṣaṇānām yugapad ekasyām vyaktau nāsti saṃbhavaḥ. krameṇa tu svavyañjakāñjanasya bhāvo bhaved iti. uktam ca rūpātiśayā vṛttyatiśayāś ca virudhyante, sāmānyāni tv atiśayaiḥ saha pravartante. tasmat asamkaraḥ yathā rāgasyaiva kvacit samudācāra iti na tadānīm anyatrābhāvaḥ, kimtu kevalam sāmānyena sāmānāgata ity asti tadā tatra tasya bhāvaḥ tathā lakṣaṇasyeti. § 393

20

na dharmī tryadhvā dharmās tu tryadhvānas te lakṣitā alakṣitās tatra lakṣitās tām tām avasthām prāpnuvanto+anyatvena pratinirdiśyante+avasthāntarato na dravyāntarataḥ. yathaikā rekhā śatāsthāne śatām daśāsthāne daśaikā caikāsthāne yathā caikatve+api strī mātā cocyate duhitā ca svasā ceti. § 394

25

avasthāpariṇāme kauṭasthyaprasaṅgadosah kaiścid uktah. katham. adhvano vyāpāreṇa vyavahitatvāt. yadā dharmah svavyāpāram na karoti tadānāgato yadā karoti tadā vartamāno yadā kṛtvā nivṛttas tadātīta ity evam dharmadharmañor lakṣaṇānām avasthānām ca kauṭasthyam prāpnotīti parair doṣa ucyate. § 395

30

nāsau doṣah. kasmāt. guṇinityatve+api guṇānām vimardavaictryāt. yathā saṃsthānam ādimad dharmamātram

35

śabdādīnām guṇānām vināśyavināśinām evam liṅgam ād-
imad dharmamātram sattvādīnām guṇānām vināśyavinā-
śinā tasmin vikārasamjñeti. § 396

tatredam udāharaṇam mṛddharmī piṇḍakārād dha-
5 rmād dharmāntaram upasampadyamāno dharmataḥ pari-
ṇamate ghaṭākāra iti. ghaṭākāro+anāgataṁ lakṣaṇam hitvā
vartamānalakṣaṇam pratipadyata iti lakṣaṇataḥ pariṇam-
ate. ghaṭo navapurāṇatām pratikṣaṇam anubhavann ava-
sthāpariṇāmam pratipadyata iti. dharmiṇo+api dharmānt-
aram avasthā dharmasyāpi lakṣaṇāntaram avasthety eka
10 eva dravyapariṇāmo bhedenopadarśita iti. evam padārth-
āntareṣv api yojyam iti. ta ete dharmalakṣaṇāvasthāpariṇ-
āmā dharmisvarūpam anatikrāntā ity eka eva pariṇāmaḥ
sarvān amūn viśeṣān abhiplavate. atha ko+ayam pariṇā-
15 mah. avasthitasya dravyasya pūrvadharmanivṛttau dha-
rmāntarotpattiḥ pariṇāma iti. § 397

tatra --- § 398

śāntoditāvyapadeśyadharmaṇupātī dharmī

[YS 3.14]

§ 399

yogyatāvacchinnā dharmiṇah śaktir eva dharmah. sa
ca phalaprasavabhedānumita ekasyānyo+anyaś ca parid-
5 ṣṭah. tatra vartamānah svavyāpāram anubhavan dharmī
dharmāntarebhyah śāntebhyaś cāvyapadeśyebhyaś ca bh-
idyate. yadā tu sāmānyena samanvāgato bhavati tadā dh-
armisvarūpamātratvāt ko+asau kena bhidyeta. § 400

tatra ye khalu dharmiṇo dharmāḥ śāntā uditā avyapa-
10 deśyāś ceti, tatra śāntā ye kṛtvā vyāpārānuparatāḥ savyāp-
ārā uditās te cānāgatasya lakṣaṇasya samanantarā vartam-
ānasyānantarā atītāḥ kimartham atītasyānantarā na bhava-
nti vartamānah, pūrvapāścimatāyā abhāvāt. yathānāgatav-
artamānayoḥ pūrvapāścimatā naivam atītasya. tasmān nā-
15 tītasyāsti samanantaraḥ tadanāgata eva samanantaro bha-
vati vartamānasyeti. § 401

athāvyapadeśyāḥ ke sarvam sarvātmakam iti. yatro-
ktam --- jalabhūmyoḥ pāriṇāmikam rasādivaiśvarūpyam
sthāvareṣu drṣṭam. tathā sthāvarāṇām jaṅgameṣu jaṅgam-

ānām sthāvareśv ity evam jātyanucchedena sarvam sarvātmakam iti. § 402

deśakālākāranimittāpabandhān na khalu samānakālam ātmanām abhivyaktir iti. ya eteśv abhivyaktānabhivyakteṣu dharmeśv anupātī sāmānyaviśeṣātmā so+anvayī dharmī. yasya tu dharmamātram evedam niranyavayam tasya bhogābhāvah. kasmāt, anyena vijñānena kṛtasya karmāṇo+anyat kathaṁ bhoktṛtvenādhikriyate. tatsmr̄tyabhāvaś ca nānyadr̄ṣṭasya smaraṇam anyasyāstīti. vastupratyabhijñānāc ca sthito+anvayī dharmī yo dharmānyathātvam abhyupagataḥ pratyabhijñāyate tasmān nedam dharmamātram niranyavayam iti. § 403

[YS 3.15] **kramānyatvam pariṇāmānyatve hetuh** § 404

ekasya dharmiṇa eka eva pariṇāma iti prasakte kramānyatvam pariṇāmānyatve hetur bhavatīti. tadyathā cūrṇamṛtpiṇḍamṛdgħatamṛtkapālamṛtkaṇamṛd iti ca kramah. yo yasya dharmasya samanantaro dharmah sa tasya kramah. piṇḍah pracyavate ghaṭa upajāyata iti dharmapariṇāmakramah. lakṣaṇapariṇāmakramo għatasyānāgatabhāvād vartamānabhāvah kramah. tathā piṇḍasya vartamānabhāvād atītabhāvah kramah. nātītasyāsti kramah. kasmāt. pūrvaparatāyām satyām samanantaratvam, sā tu nāsty atītasya tasmād dvayor eva lakṣaṇayoh kramah. tathāvasthāpariṇāmakramo+api għatasyābhinavasya prānte purāṇatā dṛsyate. sā ca kṣaṇaparamparānupātinā krameñābhivyajyamānā parām vyaktim āpadyata iti. dharmalakṣaṇābhyaṁ ca viśiṣṭo+ayam tr̄tīyah pariṇāma iti. § 405

ta ete kramā dharmadharmibhede sati pratilabdhasvarūpāh. dharmo+api dharmī bhavaty anyadharmaśvarūpā-peksayeti. yadā tu paramārthato dharmiṇy abhedopacāras taddvāreṇa sa evābhidhiyate dharmas tadāyam ekatvenaiva kramah pratyavabhāsate. § 406

cittasya dvaye dharmā paridṛṣṭāś cāparidṛṣṭāś ca. tatra pratyayātmakāh paridṛṣṭā vastumātrātmakā aparidṛṣṭāh. te ca saptaiva bhavanty anumānena prāpitavastumātrasa-dbhāvāh. § 407

“

25

nirodhadharmaśaṁskārāḥ pariṇāmo+atha
 jīvanam /
 ceṣṭā śaktiś ca cittasya dharmā darśanavarjitāḥ
 //§ 410
 " iti. § 411
 ato yogina upāttasarvasādhanasya bубhutsitārthaprat-
 5 ipattaye samyamasya viṣaya upakṣipyate --- § 412

pariṇāmatrayasamyamād atītānāgatajñānam [YS 3.16]
 § 413

dharmalakṣaṇāvasthāpariṇāmeṣu samyamād yogināṁ
 bhavaty atītānāgatajñānam. dhāraṇādhyānasamādhitra-
 5 yam ekatra samyama uktāḥ. tena pariṇāmatrayam sākṣā-
 tkriyamāṇam atītānāgatajñānam teṣu saṁpādayati. § 414

śabdārthapratyayānām itaretarādhyāsāt sa-
ṁkaras tatpravibhāgasamyamāt sarvabhūtarut-
ajñānam § 415

[YS 3.17]

tatra vāgvarteṣv evārthavatī. śrotram ca dhvanipariṇ-
 5 āmamātraviṣayam. padam punar nādānusamāhārabuddhi-
 nirgrāhyam iti. varṇā ekasamayāsaṁbhavitvāt paraspara-
 niranugrahātmānas te padam asaṁsprśyānupasthāpyāvi-
 rbhūtāś tirobhūtāś ceti pratyekam apadasvarūpā ucyante.
 § 416

10 varṇāḥ punar ekaikāḥ padātmā sarvābhidhānaśaktipr-
 acitāḥ sahakārivarṇāntarapratiyogitvād vaiśvarūpyam iv-
 āpannah pūrvaś cottareṇottaraś ca pūrveṇa višeṣe+avasthāpita-
 ity evam bahavo varṇāḥ kramānurodhino+arthasam̄ketenāvacchinnā
 iyanta ete sarvābhidhānaśaktiparivṛtā gakāraukāravisarj-
 15 anīyāḥ sāsnādimantam arthaṁ dyotayantīti. § 417

tad eteśām arthasam̄ketenāvacchinnānām upasam̄hṛt-
 adhvanikramāṇām ya eko buddhinirbhāsas tatpadam vā-
 cakam vācyasya sam̄ketyate. tad ekam padam ekabuddh-
 iviṣaya ekapravatnākṣiptam abhāgam akramam avarṇām
 20 bauddham antyavarnāpratyayavyāpāropasthāpitam par-
 atra pratipipādayiṣayā varṇair evābhidhīyamānaiḥ śrūy-

amāṇaiś ca śrotṛbhīr anādīvāgvyavahāravāsanānuviddh-
ayā lokabuddhyā siddhavatsampratipattyā pratīyate. § 418

tasya samketabuddhitah pravibhāga etāvatām evam-
ātīyako+anusaṁhāra ekasyārthasya vācaka iti. samketa
tu padapadārthayor itaretarādhyāsarūpah smṛtyātmako 5
yo+ayam śabdaḥ so+ayam artho yo+ayam arthaḥ so+ayam
śabda iti. evam itaretarādhyāsarūpah samketo bhavat-
īti. evam ete śabdārthapratyayā itaretarādhyāsāt samkīrṇā
gaur iti śabdo gaur ity artho gaur iti jñānam. ya eṣām pra-
vibhāgajñah sa sarvavit. § 419

sarvapadeṣu cāsti vākyāśaktivṛkṣa ity ukte+astīti ga-
myate. na sattām padārtho vyabhicaratīti. tathā na hy asā-
dhanā kriyāstīti. § 420

tathā ca pacatīty ukte sarvakārakāṇām ākṣepo niyam-
ārtho+anuvādah karṭṛkaraṇakarmaṇām caitrāgnitaṇḍulā- 15
nām iti. drṣṭam ca vākyārthe padaracanām śrotriyaś ch-
ando+adhīte, jīvati prāṇān dhārayati. tatra vākye pad-
ārthābhivyaktis tataḥ padam pravibhajya vyākaraṇīyam
kriyāvācakam vā kārakavācakam vā. anyathā bhavaty
aśvo+ajāpaya ity evamādiṣu nāmākhyātasārūpyād anirjñ- 20
ātam katham kriyāyam kārake vā vyākriyeteti. § 421

teṣām śabdārthapratyayānām pravibhāgah. tadyathā
śvetate prāsāda iti kriyārthaḥ, śvetah prāsāda iti kārakā-
rthaḥ śabdaḥ, kriyākārakātmā tadarthaḥ pratyayaś ca. ka-
smāt so+ayam ity abhisam̄bandhād ekākāra eva pratyayaḥ 25
samketa iti. § 422

yas tu śveto+arthaḥ sa śabdapratyayayor ālambanībh-
ūtaḥ. sa hi svābhīr avasthābhīr vikriyamāṇo na śabdasa-
hagato na buddhisahagataḥ. evam śabda evam pratyayo ne-
taretarasahagata ity anyathā śabdo+anyathārtho+anyathā 30
pratyaya iti vibhāgah. evam tatpravibhāgasamyamād yog-
inah sarvabhūtarutajñānam sampadyata iti. § 423

[YS 3.18] **saṁskārasāksātkaraṇāt pūrvajātijñānam** § 424

dvaye khalv amī saṁskārāḥ smṛtikleśahetavo vāsan-
ārūpā vipākahetavo dharmādharmarūpāḥ. te pūrvabha-
vābhisamskṛtāḥ pariṇāmaceṣṭānirodhaśaktijīvanadharma-
avad aparidrṣṭāś cittadharmāḥ. teṣu samyamaḥ saṁskār- 5

asāksātkriyāyai samarthaḥ. na ca deśakālanimittānubhav-air vinā teṣām asti sāksātkaraṇam. tad ittham̄ saṃskāra-sāksātkaraṇāt pūrvajātijñānam utpadyate yoginah. para-

5 trāpy evam eva saṃskārasāksātkaraṇāt parajātisamveda-

nam. § 425

atredam ākhyānam śrūyate --- bhagavato jaigīṣavya-sya saṃskārasāksātkaraṇād daśasu mahāsargeṣu janmap-ariṇāmakramam anupaśyato vivekajam̄ jñānam̄ prādura-bhūt. atha bhagavān āvaṭyas tanudharas tam uvāca --- daś-10 asu mahāsargeṣu bhavyatvād anabhibhūtabuddhisattvena tvayā narakatiryaggarbhāsaṁbhavam̄ duḥkham̄ sampaśyatā devamanuṣyeṣu punaḥ punar utpadyamānena sukh-aduḥkhayoh kim adhikam upalabdham iti. bhagavantam̄ āvaṭyam̄ jaigīṣavya uvāca. daśasu mahāsargeṣu bhavya-tvād anabhibhūtabuddhisattvena mayā narakatiryagbha-vam̄ duḥkham̄ sampaśyatā devamanuṣyeṣu punaḥ punar utpadyamānena yat kiṁcid anubhūtam̄ tat sarvam̄ du-15 ḥkham eva pratyavaimi. bhagavān āvaṭya uvāca. yad idam̄ āyuṣmataḥ pradhānavaśitvam anuttamam̄ ca samtoṣasu-khaṁ kim idam̄ api duḥkhapakṣe nikṣiptam̄ iti. bhava-gāñ jaigīṣavya uvāca --- viśayasukhāpekṣayaivedam anutt-20 am̄ samtoṣasukham uktam. kaivalyasukhāpekṣayā duḥkham eva. buddhisattvasyāyam̄ dharmas triguṇas trigu-ṇaś ca pratyayo heyapakṣe nyasta iti. duḥkharūpas tṛṣṇā-tantuh. tṛṣṇāduḥkhasamṛtāpāpagamāt tu prasannam abā-dham̄ sarvānukūlam̄ sukham idam uktam iti. § 426

pratyayasya paracittajñānam § 427

[YS 3.19]

pratyaye samyamāt pratyayasya sāksātkaraṇāt tataḥ paracittajñānam. § 428

na ca tat sālambanam tasyāviṣayībhūtatvāt

[YS 3.20]

§ 429

raktam̄ pratyayam̄ jānāty amuśminn ālambane raktam̄ iti na jānāti. parapratyayasya yad ālambanam̄ tad yogicitt-5 ena nālambanīkṛtam̄ parapratyayamātram̄ tu yogicittasy-ālambanībhūtam̄ iti. § 430

kāyarūpasamyamāt tadgrāhyaśaktistambhe ca-
 [YS 3.21] **kṣuhprakāśāsamprayoge+antardhānam § 431**

kāyasya rūpe samyamād rūpasya yā grāhyā śaktis tām
 pratiṣṭabhnāti. grāhyaśaktistambhe sati cakṣusprakāśa-
 mprayoge+antardhānam utpadyate yogināḥ. etena śabdā- 5
 dyantardhānam uktam veditavyam. § 432

sopakramam̄ nirupakramam̄ ca karma tatsa-
 [YS 3.22] **myamād aparāntajñānam arīṣṭebhyo vā § 433**

āyurvipākam̄ karma dvividham̄ sopakramam̄ nirupa-
 kramam̄ ca. tatra yathārdram̄ vastram̄ vitānitam̄ laghīyasā
 kālena śusyet tathā sopakramam. yathā ca tad eva sampi-
 ḥitam̄ cireṇa samśuṣyed evam̄ nirupakramam. yathā vā-
 gniḥ śuṣke kakṣe mukto vātena samantato yuktaḥ kṣepī-
 yasā kālena dahet tathā sopakramam. yathā vā sa evāgnis
 ṭṛṇarāśau kramaśo 'vayaveṣu nyastaś cireṇa dahet tathā ni-
 rupakramam. tadaikabhavikam̄ āyuṣkaram̄ karma dvivi- 10
 dham̄ sopakramam̄ nirupakramam̄ ca. tatsamyamād apa-
 rāntasya prāyaṇasya jñānam. § 434

ariṣṭebhyo veti trividham̄ arīṣṭam̄ ādhyātmikam̄ ādh-
 ibhautikam̄ ādhidaivikam̄ ceti. tatrādhyātmikam̄ ghoṣam̄
 svadehe pihitakarṇo na śṛṇoti, jyotir vā netre+avaṣṭabdhe 15
 na paṣyati. tathādhibhautikam̄ yamapuruṣān paṣyati, pi-
 tṛṇ atītān akasmāt paṣyati. tathādhidaivikam̄ svargam ak-
 asmāt siddhān vā paṣyati. viparītam̄ vā sarvam iti anena
 vā jānāty aparāntam upasthitam iti. § 435

[YS 3.23] **maitryādiṣu balāni § 436**

maitrī karuṇā muditeti tisro bhāvanās tatra bhūtesu su-
 khiteṣu maitrīm bhāvayitvā maitrībalam labhate. duḥkhi-
 teṣu karuṇām bhāvayitvā karuṇābalam labhate. puṇyaśī-
 leṣu muditām bhāvayitvā muditābalam labhate. bhāvan- 5
 ātah samādhir yaḥ sa samyamas tato balāny avandhyavī-
 ryāṇi jāyante. pāpaśileṣūpeksā na tu bhāvanā. tataś ca ta-
 syām nāsti samādhir ity ato na balam upeksātas tatra sa-
 myamābhāvād iti. § 437

[YS 3.24] **baleṣu hastibalādīni § 438**

hastibale samyamād dhastibalo bhavati. vainateyabale samyamād vainateyabalo bhavati. vāyubale samyamād vāyubalo bhavatīty evamādi. § 439

pravṛttyālokanyāsāt sūkṣmavyavahitaviprakṛṣṭajñānam § 440

[YS 3.25]

jyotiṣmatī pravṛttir uktā manasas tasyā ya ālokas tam
yogī sūkṣme vā vyavahite vā viprakṛṣṭe vārthe vinyasya
5 tam artham adhigacchati. § 441

bhuvanjñānam sūrye samyamāt § 442

[YS 3.26]

tatprastārah sapta lokāḥ. tatrāvīceḥ prabhṛti meruprṣṭham yāvad ity evam bhūrlokaḥ. meruprṣṭhād ārabhya ---
ādhruvād grahanakṣatrātārvicitro+antarikṣalokaḥ. tataḥ
5 parāḥ svarlokaḥ pañcavidho māhendras tṛtīyo lokaḥ. catu-rthaḥ prājāpatyo maharlokaḥ. trividho brāhmaḥ tadyathā --- janalokas tapolokaḥ satyaloka iti. § 443
``

brāhmaḥ tribhūmiko loka prājāpatyas tato
mahān /

10 māhendraś ca svar ity ukto divi tārā bhuvi
prajāḥ // § 446

" § 447

iti samgrahaślokaḥ. § 448

tatrāvīcer upary upari niviṣṭāḥ ṣaṇmahānarakabhūmayo ghanasalilānalānilākāśatamahpratiṣṭhā mahākā-
15 lāmbariṣarauravamahārauravakālasūtrāndhatāmisrāḥ. ya-tra svakarmopārjitaduhkhavedanāḥ prāṇināḥ kaṣṭam āyur dīrgham ākṣipyā jāyante. tato mahātalarasātalātalasutala-vitalatalātalapātālākhyāni sapta pātālāni. bhūmir iyam aşṭ-
20 amī saptadvīpā vasumatī, yasyāḥ sumerur madhye parvatārajaḥ kāñcanāḥ. tasya rājatavaidūryasphaṭikahemamaṇ-imayāni śṛṅgāṇi. tatra vaidūryaprabhānurāgān nīlotpalapatraśyāmo nabhaso dakṣiṇo bhāgaḥ, śvetāḥ pūrvāḥ, sva-cchāḥ paścimāḥ, kuraṇṭakābha uttarāḥ. dakṣiṇapārśve cā-sya jambūr yato+ayam jambūdvīpaḥ. tasya sūryapracārād
25 rātrimdivam lagnam iva vartate. tasya nīlaśvetaśṛṅgavanta

udīcīnās trayah parvatā dvisāhasrāyāmāḥ. tadantareṣu trīṇi varṣāṇi nava nava yojanasāhasrāṇi ramaṇakām hiraṇm-
ayam uttarāḥ kurava iti. niṣadhahe makūṭahimaśailā dakṣi-
ṇato dvisāhasrāyāmāḥ. tadantareṣu trīṇi varṣāṇi nava nava
yojanasāhasrāṇi harivarṣam kimpuruṣam bhāratam iti. su- 5
meroh prācīnā bhadrāsvamālyavatsīmāṇah pratīcīnāḥ ke-
tumālā gandhamādanasīmāṇah. madhye varṣamilāvṛtam.
tad etad yojanaśatasāhasram sumeror diśidiśi tadardhena
vyūḍham. § 449

sa khalv ayam śatasāhasrāyāmo jambūdvīpas tato dvi-
guṇena lavaṇodadhinā valayākṛtinā veṣṭitah. tataś ca dvi-
guṇā dviguṇāḥ śākakuśakrauñcaśālmalagomedha(plakṣa)
puṣkaradvīpāḥ, samudrāś ca sarṣaparāśikalpāḥ savicitr-
aśailāvataṁsā iksurasurāsarpirdadhimaṇḍakṣīrasvādū-
dakāḥ. sapta samudrapariveṣṭitā valayākṛtayo lokālokap-
arvataparivārāḥ pañcāśad yojanakoṭiparisamkhyātāḥ. tad 10
etat sarvam supratīthitasamsthānamanḍamadhye vyū-
ḍham. aṇḍam ca pradhānasyāṇur avayavo yathākāśe kh-
adyota iti. § 450

tatra pātāle jaladhau parvateṣv eteṣu devanikāyā asura- 20
gandharvakīmnarakiṁpuruṣayakṣarākṣasabhūtapretapiśā-
cāpasmārakāpsarobrahmarākṣasakūṣmāṇḍavināyakāḥ pr-
ativasanti. sarveṣu dvīpeṣu puṇyātmāno devamanuṣyāḥ.
§ 451

sumerus tridaśānām udyānabhūmiḥ tatra miśravānam 25
nandānam caitrarathām sumānasam ity udyānāni. sudha-
rmā devasabhā sudarśanām puram. vaijayantah prāsādaḥ.
grahanakṣatrātārakāś tu dhruve nibaddhā vāyuvikṣepan-
iyamenopalakṣitapracārāḥ sumeror upary upari saṁnivi-
ṣṭā divi viparivartante. § 452

māhendranivāsinah ṣaḍdevanikāyāḥ --- tridaśā agniṣv-
āttā yāmyāś tuṣṭā aparinirmitavaśavartinaḥ parinirmitav-
aśavartinaś ceti. sarve saṁkalpasiddhā aṇimādyaiśvaryo-
papannāḥ kalpāyuṣo vrndārakāḥ kāmabhogina aupapād-
ikadehā uttamānukūlābhīr apsarobhiḥ kṛtāparicārāḥ. § 453 30

mahati loke prājāpatye pañcavidho devanikāyah --- ku-
mudā ṛbhavah pratardanā añjanābhāḥ pracitābhā iti. ete
mahābhūtavaśino dhyānāhārāḥ kalpasahasrāyuṣah. pra-

thame brahmaṇo janaloke caturvidho devanikāyo brahm-apurohitā brahmakāyikā brahmamahākāyikā amarā iti. te bhūtendriyavaśino dviguṇadviguṇottarāyuñah. § 454

dvitīye tapasi loke trividho devanikāyah --- ābhāsv-
5 arā mahābhāsvarāḥ satyamahābhāsvarā iti. te bhūtendriy-
aprakṛtivaśino dviguṇadviguṇottarāyuṣah sarve dhyānā-
hārā ūrdhvaretasa ūrdhvam apratihatajñānā adharabhūm-
iṣv anāvṛtajñānaviṣayāḥ. tṛtīye brahmaṇah satyaloke cat-
āro devanikāyā akṛtabhavananyāsāḥ svapratīṣṭhā uparyu-
10 paristhitāḥ pradhānavaśino yāvat sargāyuṣah. § 455

tatrācyutāḥ savitarkadhyānasukhāḥ, śuddhanivāsāḥ
savicāradhyānasukhāḥ, satyābhā ānandamātradhyānasu-
khāḥ, samjñāsamjñinaś cāsmītāmātradhyānasukhāḥ. te+api
15 trailokyamadhye pratīṣṭhanti. ta ete sapta lokāḥ sarva eva
brahmalokāḥ. videhaprakṛtilayāś tu mokṣapade vartanta
iti na lokamadhye nyastā iti. etad yoginā sāksātkaraṇīyam
sūryadvāre samyamam kṛtvā, tato+anyatrāpi evam tāvad
abhyased yāvad idam sarvam dṛṣṭam iti. § 456

candre tārāvyūhajñānam § 457

[YS 3.27]

candre samyamam kṛtvā tārāṇam vyūham vijānīyāt.
§ 458

dhruve tadgatijñānam § 459

[YS 3.28]

tato dhruve samyamam kṛtvā tārāṇam gatīm vijānīyāt
ūrdhvavimāneṣu kṛtasamyamas tāni vijānīyāt. § 460

nābhicakre kāyavyūhajñānam § 461

[YS 3.29]

nābhicakre samyamam kṛtvā kāyavyūham vijānīyāt
vātapittaśleṣmāṇas trayo doṣāḥ. dhātavah sapta tvaglohit-
amāṁsaśnāyvasthimajjāśukrāṇi pūrvam pūrvam eṣām bā-
5 hyam ity esa vinyāsaḥ. § 462

kaṇṭhakūpe kṣutpipāsānivṛttiḥ § 463

[YS 3.30]

jihvāyā adhastāt tantus tantor adhastāt kaṇṭhas tato+adhastāt
kūpas tatram samyamāt kṣutpipāse na bādhete. § 464

kūrmanādyām sthairyam § 465

[YS 3.31]

kūpād adha urasi kūrmākārā nādī, tasyām kṛtasamya-mah sthirapadaṁ labhate yathā sarpo godhā veti. § 466

[YS 3.32] **mūrdhajyotiṣi siddhadarśanam** § 467

śirahkapāle+antaś chidram prabhāsvaram jyotis tatra samyamam kṛtvā siddhānām dyāvāpr̄thivyor antarālacā-riṇām darśanam. § 468

[YS 3.33] **prātibhād vā sarvam** § 469

prātibham nāma tārakam tadvivekajasya jñānasya pū-rvarūpam. yathodaye prabhā bhāskarasya. tena vā sarvam eva jānāti yogī prātibhasya jñānasyotpattāv iti. § 470

[YS 3.34] **hṛdaye cittasamvit** § 471

yad idam asmin brahmapure daharam puṇḍarīkam ve-sma tatra vijñānam tasmin samyamāc cittasamvit. § 472

[YS 3.35] **sattvapuruṣayor atyantāsamkīrṇayoh pratya-yāvišeṣo bhogah parārthāt svārthasamyamāt puruṣajñānam** § 473

buddhisattvam prakhyāśilam samānasattvopanibandhane rajastamasī vaśikṛtya sattvapurushānyatāpratyayena pariṇatam. tasmāc ca sattvāt pariṇāmino+atyantavidharmā viśuddho+anyaś citimātrarūpah puruṣah. taylor atyantāsa-mkīrṇayoh prat�ayāvišeṣo bhogah puruṣasya darśitaviṣayatvāt sa bhogapratyayah sattvasya parārthatvād dṛsyah. § 474

10

yas tu tasmād viśiṣṭāś citimātrarūpo+anyaḥ pauruṣeyah pratayas tatra samyamāt puruṣaviṣayā prajñā jāyate. na ca puruṣapratyayena buddhisattvātmanā puruṣo dṛsyate puruṣa eva tam prat�ayaṁ svātmāvalambanam paśyati tathā hy uktam --- "vijñātāram are kena vijānīyat" iti. § 475

15

[YS 3.36] **tataḥ prātibhaśrāvaṇavedanādarśāsvādavārtā jāyante** § 476

prātibhāt sūkṣmavyavahitaviprakṛṣṭātītānāgatajñānam. śrāvaṇād divyaśabdaśravaṇam. vedanād divyasparśādhigamaḥ. ādarśād divyarūpasamvit āsvādād divyarasasa-

5

ṃvit vārtāto divyagandhavijñānam ity etāni nityam jāyante. § 477

te samādhāv upasargā vyutthāne siddhayaḥ [YS 3.37]
§ 478

te prātibhādayaḥ samāhitacittasyotpadyamānā upasargās taddarśanapratyanikatvāt vyutthitacittasyotpadyamānāḥ siddhayaḥ. § 479

**bandhakāraṇaśaithilyāt pracārasaṁvedanāc ca
cittasya paraśarīrāveśaḥ** § 480

[YS 3.38]

lolībhūtasya manaso+apratiṣṭhasya śarīre karmāśayavaśād bandhaḥ pratiṣṭhet y arthaḥ tasya karmaṇo bandhakāraṇasya śaithilyam samādhibalād bhavati. pracārasaṁvedanām ca cittasya samādhijam eva karmabandhakṣayāt svacittasya pracārasaṁvedanāc ca yogī cittam svaśarīrān niṣkṛṣya śarīrāntareṣu nikṣipati. nikṣiptam cittam cendriyāṇy anu patanti. yathā madhukararājānam makṣikā utpatantam anūtpatanti niviśamānam anu niviśante tathendriyāṇi paraśarīrāveśe cittam anu vidhīyanta iti. § 481

udānajayāj jalapaṅkakaṇṭakādiś asaṅga utkrāntiś ca § 482

[YS 3.39]

samastendriyavṛttiḥ prāṇādilakṣaṇā jīvanām, tasya kriyā pañcatayī prāṇo mukhanāsikāgatir āhṛdayavṛttiḥ. samām nayanāt samānaś cānābhivṛttiḥ. apanayanād apāna āpādatalavṛttiḥ unnayanād udāna āśirovṛttiḥ vyāpī vyāna iti. eśām pradhānam prāṇaḥ udānajayāj jalapaṅkakaṇṭakādiś asaṅga utkrāntiś ca prāyanakāle bhavati tām vaśitvena pratipadyate. § 483

samānajayāj jvalanam § 484

[YS 3.40]

jitasamānas tejasā upadhmānam kṛtvā jvalayati. § 485

**śrotrākāśayoh saṁbandhasaṁyamād divyam
śrotram** § 486

[YS 3.41]

sarvaśrotrāṇāṁ ākāśam pratiṣṭhā sarvaśabdānāṁ ca
yathoktam --- tulyadeśaśravaṇānāṁ ekadeśaśrutitvam sa-
rveśāṁ bhavatīti tac caitad ākāśasya liṅgam. § 487

anāvaraṇāṁ coktam. tathāmūrtasyānāvaraṇadarśanād
vibhutvam api prakhyātām ākāśasya. śabdagrahaṇānumi- 5
tam śrotram. badhirābadhirayor ekaḥ śabdām gṛhṇāty ap-
aro na gṛhṇātīti tasmāc chrotram eva śabdaviśayam śrotr-
ākāśayoh saṃbandhe kṛtasamyamasya yogino divyam śr-
otram pravartate. § 488

kāyākāśayoh saṃbandhasamyamāl laghutūl-
[YS 3.42] **asamāpatteś cākāśagamanam** § 489

yatra kāyas tatrākāśam tasyāvakāśadānāt kāyasya tena
saṃbandhah prāptis tatra kṛtasamyamo jitvā tatsaṃba-
ndham laghuṣu vā tūlādiṣv ā paramāṇubhyah samāpa- 5
ttim labdhvā jitasaṃbandho laghur bhavati. laghutvāc ca
jale pādābhyaṁ viharati tatas tūrṇanābhitantumātre vih-
ryta raśmiṣu viharati tato yatheṣṭam ākāśagatir asya bhav-
atīti. § 490

bahir akalpitā vṛttir mahāvidehā tataḥ prakā-
[YS 3.43] **śāvaraṇakṣayah** § 491

śarīrād bahir manaso vṛttilābho videhā nāma dhāraṇā.
sā yadi śarīrapratiṣṭhasya manaso bahirvṛttimātreṇa bha-
vati sā kalpitety ucyate. yā tu śarīranirapekṣā bahirbhūt- 5
asyaiva manaso bahirvṛttiḥ sā khalv akalpitā tatra kalpi-
tayā sādhayanty akalpitām mahāvidehām iti. yayā paraś-
arīrāṇy āviśanti yogināḥ, tataś ca dhāraṇātāḥ prakāśātm-
ano buddhisattvasya yadāvaraṇām kleśakarmavipākatra-
yam rajastamomūlam tasya ca kṣayo bhavati. § 492 10

sthūlasvarūpasūkṣmānvayārthavattvasamyamād
[YS 3.44] **bhūtajayah** § 493

tatra pārthivādyāḥ śabdādayo viśeṣāḥ sahākārādibhir
dharmaih sthūlaśabdena paribhāṣitāḥ etad bhūtānām pra-
thamam rūpam. dvitīyam rūpam svāsāmānyam mūrtir bh- 5
ūmīḥ sneho jalām vahnir uṣṇatā vāyuḥ prāṇāmī sarvatog-
atir ākāśa ity etat svarūpaśabdenocye. § 494

asya sāmānyasya śabdādayo viśeṣāḥ tathā coktam ---
ekajātisamanvitānām eṣāṁ dharmamātravyāvṛttir iti. § 495

sāmānyaviśeṣasamudāyo+atra dravyam. dviṣṭho hi sa-
mūhah pratyastamitabhedāvayavānugataḥ śarīram vṛkṣo
5 yūtham vanam iti. § 496

śabdenopāttabhedāvayavānugataḥ samūha ubhaye de-
vamanuṣyāḥ samūhasya devā eko bhāgo manuṣyā dvitīyo
bhāgas tābhyaṁ evābhidhīyate samūhah. § 497

sa ca bhedābhedavivakṣitah. āmrāṇāṁ vanam brāhm-
10 aṇānāṁ samgha āmravaṇam brāhmaṇasamgha iti. § 498

sa punar dvividho yutasiddhāvayavo+ayutasiddhāvayavaś
ca. yutasiddhāvayavah samūho vanam samgha iti ayuta-
siddhāvayavah samghātah śarīram vṛkṣah paramāṇur iti.
ayutasiddhāvayavabhedānugataḥ samūho dravyam iti pa-
15 tañjaliḥ etat svarūpam ity uktam. § 499

atha kim eṣāṁ sūkṣmarūpam, tanmātram bhūtakāra-
ṇam, tasyaiko+avayavah paramāṇuh sāmānyaviśeṣātmā-
yutasiddhāvayavabhedānugataḥ samudāya ity evam sa-
rvatanmātrāṇy etat tṛtīyam. atha bhūtānāṁ caturtham
20 rūpam khyātikriyāsthitiśīlā guṇāḥ kāryasvabhāvānup-
ātino+anvayaśabdenoktāḥ. athaiśāṁ pañcamam rūpam
arthavattvam, bhogāpavargārthatā gunesv evānvayinī,
guṇās tanmātrabhūtabhautikesv iti sarvam arthavat. teṣv
idānīṁ bhūteṣu pañcasu pañcarūpeṣu samyamāt tasya ta-
25 sya rūpasya svarūpadarśanam jayaś ca prādurbhavati. ta-
tra pañca bhūtasvarūpāṇi jitvā bhūtajayī bhavati tajjayād
vatsānusāriṇya iva gāvo+asya samkalpānuvidhāyinyo bh-
ūtaprakṛtayo bhavanti. § 500

tato+aṇimādiprādurbhāvah kāyasampat ta-
ddharmānabhīghātaś ca § 501

[YS 3.45]

tatrāṇimā bhavaty aṇuḥ laghimā laghur bhavati mah-
imā mahān bhavati. prāptir aṅgulyagrenāpi sprśati candr-
5 amasam. prākāmyam icchānabhīghātah bhūmāv unmajjati
nimajjati yathodake. vaśitvam bhūtabhautikesu vaśī bhav-
aty avaśyaś cānyeṣām īśitṛtvam teṣām prabhavāpyayavyū-
hānām īṣṭe. yatra kāmāvasāyitvam satyasamkalpatā yathā
samkalpas tathā bhūtaprakṛtīnām avasthānam. na ca śa-

kto+api padārthaviparyāsam̄ karoti kasmāt anyasya yatra kāmāvasāyinah pūrvasiddhasya tathā bhūteṣu samkalpād iti. etāny aṣṭāv aiśvaryāṇi. § 502

kāyasampad vakṣyamāṇā taddharmānabhīgātaś ca prthvī mūrtyā na niruṇaddhi yoginah śarīrādikriyām, 5 śilām apy anuviśatīti. nāpaḥ snigdhāḥ kledayanti nāgnir uṣṇo dahati na vāyuḥ pranāmī vahati anāvaraṇātm-ake+apy ākāśe bhavaty āvṛtakāyah siddhānām apy adṛśyo bhavati. § 503

**rūpalāvanyabalavajrasamhananatvāni kāyas-
ampat** § 504

[YS 3.46] darśanīyah kāntimān atiśayabalo vajrasamhananaś ceti.
§ 505

**grahaṇasvarūpāsmitānvayārthavattvasamyaṁyamād
indriyajayah** § 506

sāmānyaviśeṣātmā śabdādir grāhyah teṣv indriyāṇām vṛttir grahaṇam. na ca tatsāmānyamātragrahaṇākāram kātham anālocitah sa viṣayaviśeṣa indriyeṇa manasānuvy- 5 avasīyeteti. svarūpam punaḥ prakāśātmano buddhisattv- asya sāmānyaviśeṣayor ayutasiddhāvayavabhedānugataḥ samūho dravyam indriyam. teṣām tṛtīyam rūpam asmit- ālakṣaṇo+ahaṅkārah. tasya sāmānyasyendriyāṇi viśeṣāḥ caturthaṁ rūpam vyavasāyātmakāḥ prakāśakriyāsthitiś- 10 īlā gunā yeṣām indriyāṇi sāhamkārāṇi pariṇāmaḥ. pañca- maṇi rūpam guneṣu yad anugataṁ puruṣārthavattvam iti. pañcasv eteṣv indriyarūpeṣu yathākramam samyamas tra- tra tatra jayaṁ kṛtvā pañcarūpajayād indriyajayah prādu- 15 rbhavati yoginah. § 507

**tato manojavitvam vikaraṇabhāvah pradhān-
ajayaś ca** § 508

kāyasyānuttamo gatilābho manojavitvam. videhānām indriyāṇām abhipretadeśakālavishayāpekṣo vṛttilābho vi- karaṇabhāvah. sarvaprakṛtivikāravaśitvam pradhānajaya- 5 ity etās tisrah siddhayo madhupratīkā ucyante etāś ca kar- aṇapañcarūpajayād adhigamyante. § 509

sattvapuruṣānyatākhyātimātrasya sarvabhāv-
ādhiṣṭhātṛtvam̄ sarvajñātṛtvam̄ ca § 510

[YS 3.49]

nirdhūtarajastamomalasya buddhisattvasya pare vai-
śāradye parasyām̄ vaśīkārasamjñāyām̄ vartamānasya sa-
5 ttvapuruṣānyatākhyātimātrarūpapratīṣṭhasya sarvabhāv-
ādhiṣṭhātṛtvam. sarvātmāno guṇā vyavasāyavyavaseyā-
tmakāḥ svāminām̄ kṣetrajñām̄ pratyāśeṣadrśyātmatven-
opasthitā ity arthaḥ. sarvajñātṛtvam̄ sarvātmānām̄ guṇ-
ānām̄ śāntoditāvyapadeśyadharmatvena vyavasthitānām̄
10 akramopārūḍham̄ vivekajam̄ jñānam̄ ity arthaḥ. ity eṣā vi-
śokā nāma siddhir yām̄ prāpya yogī sarvajñāḥ kṣīṇakleśa-
bandhano vaśī viharati. § 511

tadvairāgyād̄ api doṣabījakṣaye kaivalyam
§ 512

[YS 3.50]

yadāsyaiṣam̄ bhavati kleśakarmaksaye sattvasyāyam̄
vivekapratyayo dharmāḥ sattvam̄ ca heyapakṣe nyastam̄
5 puruṣāś cāpariṇāmī śuddho+anyāḥ sattvād̄ iti. evam̄ asya
tato virajyamānasya yāni kleśabījāni dagdhaśālibījakalp-
āny aprasavasamarthāni tāni saha manasā pratyastam̄ ga-
cchanti. teṣu pralīneṣu puruṣāḥ punar idam̄ tāpatrayam̄ na
bhūnkte. tad eteṣām̄ guṇānām̄ manasi karmakleśavipāka-
10 svarūpenābhivyaktānām̄ caritārthānām̄ pratiprasave pur-
uṣasyātyantiko guṇaviyogaḥ kaivalyam̄ tadā svarūpapra-
tiṣṭhā citiṣaktir eva puruṣa iti. § 513

sthānyupanimantranē saṅgasmayākaraṇām̄ pu-
nar anisṭaprashaṅgāt § 514

[YS 3.51]

catvāraḥ khalv amī yogināḥ prāthamakalpiko madh-
ubhūmikāḥ prajñājyotir atikrāntabhāvanīyaś ceti. tatrā-
5 bhyāśī pravṛttamātrajyotiḥ prathamah ṛtam̄bharaprajño
dvitīyah bhūtendriyajayī tṛtīyah sarveṣu bhā-
vanīyeṣu kṛtarakṣābandhaḥ kartavyasādhanād imān. ca-
turtho yas tv atikrāntabhāvanīyas tasya cittapratisarga
eko+arthāḥ saptavidhāsyā prāntabhūmiprajñā. § 515

10 tatra madhumatīm̄ bhūmīm̄ sāksātkurvato brāhmaṇa-
syā sthānino devāḥ sattvaviśuddhim̄ anupaśyantāḥ sthān-

air upanimantrayante bho iḥāsyatām iha ramyatām kama-
nīyo+ayam bhogaḥ kamanīyeyam kanyā rasāyanam idam
jarāmr̥tyum bādhate vaihāyasam idam yānam amī kalpa-
drumāḥ puṇyā mandākinī siddhā maharṣaya uttamā an-
ukūlā apsaraso divye śrotracakṣuṣī vajropamah kāyah sv-
agunaiḥ sarvam idam upārjitam āyuṣmatā pratipadyatām
idam akṣayam ajaram amarasthānam devānām priyam iti.
evam abhidhīyamānah saṅgadosān bhāvayed ghoreṣu sa-
ṃsārāṅgāreṣu pacyamānena mayā jananamaranāndhak-
āre viparivartamānena kathamcid āśāditaḥ kleśatimiravi-
nāśī yogapradīpas tasya caite ṛṣṇāyonayo viṣayavāyavaḥ
pratipakṣāḥ. sa khalv aham labdhālokaḥ katham anayā vi-
ṣayamṛgatrṣṇayā vañcitas tasyaiva punaḥ pradīptasya sa-
ṃsārāgner ātmānam indhanīkuryām iti. svasti vaḥ svapn-
opamebhyah kṛpaṇajanaprārthanīyebhyo viṣayebhya ity 15
evam niścitamatih samādhīm bhāvayet. § 516

saṅgam akṛtvā smayam api na kuryād evam aham
devānām api prārthanīya iti smayād ayam susthitam
anyatayā mr̥tyunā keṣeṣu gṛhītam ivātmānam na bhā-
vayiṣyati. tathā cāsyā cchidrāntaraprekṣī nityam yatno-
pacaryah pramādo labdhavivaraḥ kleśān uttambhayiṣy-
ati tataḥ punar anisṭaprasaṅgah. evam asya saṅgasmayāv
akurvato bhāvito+artho dṛḍhībhaviṣyati bhāvanīyaś cā-
rtho+abhimukhībhaviṣyatīti. § 517

kṣaṇatatkramayoh samyamād vivekajam jñā- nam § 518

[YS 3.52]

yathāpakarṣaparyantam dravyam paramāṇur evam
paramāpakarṣaparyantah kālah kṣaṇo yāvatā vā samay-
ena calitah paramāṇuh pūrvadeśam jahyād uttaradeśam
upasampadyeta sa kālah kṣaṇah. tatpravāhāvicchedas tu
kramah kṣaṇatatkramayor nāsti vastusamāhāra iti buddh-
isamāhāro muhūrtāhorātrādayah. sa khalv ayam kālo va-
stusūnyo+api buddhinirmāṇah śabdajñānānupātī laukik-
ānām vyutthitarśānānām vastusvarūpa ivāvabhāsate. 10
§ 519

kṣaṇas tu vastupatitah kramāvalambī kramaś ca kṣaṇ-
ānantaryātmā tam kālavidaḥ kāla ity ācakṣate yoginah. na

ca dvau kṣaṇau saha bhavataḥ kramaś ca na dvayoh saha-
bhuvor asaṁbhavāt. pūrvasmād uttarabhāvino yadānant-
aryam kṣaṇasya sa kramah tasmād vartamāna evaikah kṣ-
aṇo na pūrvottarakṣaṇāḥ santīti. tasmān nāsti tatsamāhā-
raḥ ye tu bhūtabhāvinah kṣaṇas te pariṇāmānvitā vyākhy-
eyāḥ tenaikena kṣaṇena kr̥tsno lokaḥ pariṇāmam anubh-
avati. tatkṣaṇoparūḍhāḥ khalv amī sarve dharmāḥ tayoḥ
kṣaṇatatkramayoḥ samyamāt tayoḥ sāksātkaraṇam. tataś
ca vivekajam jñānam prādurbhavati. § 520

10 tasya viṣayaviśeṣa upakṣipye --- § 521

jātilakṣaṇadeśair anyatānavacchedāt tulyayos tataḥ pratipattiḥ § 522

[YS 3.53]

tulyayor deśalakṣaṇasārūpye jātibhedo+anyatāyā he-
tuḥ, gaur iyam baḍaveyam iti. tulyadeśajātīyatve laksanam
5 anyatvakaram kālākṣī gauḥ svastimatī gaur iti. dvayor
āmalakayor jātilakṣaṇasārūpyād deśabhedo+anyatvakara
idam pūrvam idam uttaram iti. yadā tu pūrvam āmalakam
anyavyagrasya jñātur uttaradeśa upāvartyate tadā tulya-
deśatve pūrvam etad uttaram etad iti pravibhāgānupapa-
10 ttiḥ. asaṁdigdhena ca tattvajñānena bhavitavyam ity ata
idam uktam tataḥ pratipattir vivekajñānād iti. § 523

katham, pūrvāmalakasahakṣaṇo deśa uttarāmalakas-
ahakṣaṇād deśād bhinnah te cāmalake svadeśakṣaṇānu-
bhavabhinne. anyadeśakṣaṇānubhavas tu taylor anyatve
15 hetur iti. etena dr̥ṣṭāntena paramāṇos tulyajātilakṣaṇad-
eśasya pūrvaparamāṇudeśasahakṣaṇasāksātkaraṇād utta-
rasya paramāṇos taddeśānupapattāv uttarasya taddeśā-
nubhavo bhinnah sahakṣaṇabhedāt taylor iśvarasya yog-
ino+anyatvapratyayo bhavatīti. § 524

20 apare tu varṇayanti --- ye+antyā viśeṣāḥ te+anyatāpratyayam
kurvantīti tatrāpi deśalakṣaṇabhedo mūrtivyavadhijātibh-
edaś cānyatve hetuḥ. kṣaṇabhedas tu yogibuddhigamyā
eveti ata uktam mūrtivyavadhijātibhedābhāvān nāsti mū-
lapṛthaktvam iti vārṣagaṇyah. § 525

tārakam sarvaviśayam sarvathāviśayam akra- mam ceti vivekajam jñānam § 526

[YS 3.54]

tārakam iti svapratibhottham anaupadeśikam ity arthaḥ sarvaviṣayam nāsyā kiṃcid aviṣayībhūtam ity arthaḥ. sa-
rvathāviṣayam atītānāgatapratyutpannam̄ sarvam̄ paryā-
yaiḥ sarvathā jānātīty arthaḥ. akramam ity ekakṣaṇopār-
ūḍham̄ sarvam̄ sarvathā grhṇatīty arthaḥ. etad vivekajam̄ 5
jñānam̄ paripūrṇam̄ asyaivāṁśo yogapradīpo madhu-
tīm bhūmim upādāya yāvad asya parisamāptir iti. § 527

prāptavivekajajñānasyāprāptavivekajajñānasya vā ---
§ 528

[YS 3.55] **sattvapuruṣayoh śuddhisāmye kaivalyam iti**
§ 529

yadā nirdhūtarajastamomalam buddhisattvam̄ puruṣa-
syānyatāpratītimātrādhikāram̄ dagdhakleśabījam̄ bhavati 5
tadā puruṣasya śuddhisārūpyam ivāpannam̄ bhavati, tadā
puruṣasyopacaritabhogābhāvah̄ śuddhiḥ. etasyām avasth-
āyām kaivalyam bhavatīśvarasyānīśvarasya vā vivekajajñ-
ānabhāgina itarasya vā. na hi dagdhakleśabījasya jñāne pu-
nar apeksā kācid asti sattvaśuddhidvāreṇaitat samādhijam 10
aiśvaryam̄ jñānam̄ copakrāntam. paramārthatas tu jñānād
adarśanam̄ nivartate tasmin nivṛtte na santy uttare kleśāḥ.
kleśābhāvāt karmavipākābhāvah̄ caritādhikārāś caitasyām
avasthāyām guṇā na puruṣasya punar dṛśyatvenopatiṣṭh-
ante. tatpuruṣasya kaivalyam̄, tadā puruṣah̄ svarūpamātr-
ajyotir amalaḥ kevalī bhavati. § 530 15
iti śrīpātañjale sāṃkhyapravacane yogaśāstre vyāsabhāṣye
vibhūtipādas tṛtīyah̄ 3.

5 [Kaivalyapādaḥ]

[YS 4.1] **janmauṣadhimantratapaḥsamādhijāḥ siddha-**
yah̄ § 532

dehāntaritā janmanā siddhiḥ oṣadhibhir asurabhava-
neṣu rasāyanenety evamādiḥ. mantrair ākāśagamanāṇi-
mādilābhāḥ. tapasā sāṃkalpasiddhiḥ, kāmarūpī yatra ta-
tra kāmaga ity evamādi samādhijāḥ siddhayo vyākhyātāḥ. 5
§ 533

tatra kāyendriyāṇām anyajātīyapariṇatānām --- § 534

jātyantarapariṇāmaḥ prakṛtyāpūrāt § 535

[YS 4.2]

pūrvapariṇāmāpāya uttarapariṇāmopajanas teṣām apūrvāvayavānupraveśād bhavati. kāyendriyaprakṛtayaś ca svam svam vikāram anugṛhṇanty āpūreṇa dharmādinim-
5 ittam apekṣamāṇā iti. § 536

nimittam aprayojakam prakṛtīnām varanabhedas tu tataḥ kṣetrikavat § 537

[YS 4.3]

na hi dharmādi nimittam tatprayojakam prakṛtīnām bhavati na kāryeṇa kāraṇam pravartyata iti katham tarhi,
5 varanabhedas tu tataḥ kṣetrikavat. yathā kṣetrikaḥ kedārād apām pūrṇāt kedārāntaram piplāvayiṣuḥ samam ni-mnaṁ nimnataram vā nāpaḥ pāṇināpakarṣaty āvaraṇam tv āsām bhinatti tasmin bhinne svayam evāpaḥ kedārāntaram āplāvayanti tathā dharmah prakṛtīnām āvaraṇadha-
10 rmam bhinatti tasmin bhinne svayam eva prakṛtayah svam svam vikāram āplāvayanti. yathā vā sa eva kṣetrikas tasm-inn eva kedāre na prabhavaty audakān bhaumān vā rasān dhānyamūlāny anupraveśayitum, kim tarhi mudgagave-
15 dhukaśyāmākādīms tato+apakarṣati. apakṛṣṭeṣu teṣu svayam eva rasā dhānyamūlāny anupraviśanti, tathā dharmo nivṛttimātre kāraṇam adharmasya, śuddhyaśuddhyor aty-
antavirodhāt, na tu prakṛtipravṛttau dharmo hetur bhava-tīti. atra nandīśvarādaya udāhāryāḥ viparyayenāpy adha-
rmo dharmam bādhate. tataś cāśuddhipariṇāma iti. tatrāpi
20 nahuṣājagarādaya udāhāryāḥ. § 538

yadā tu yogī bahūn kāyān nirmimīte tadā kim ekama-naskās te bhavanty athānekamanaskā iti --- § 539

nirmāṇacittāny asmitāmātrāt § 540

[YS 4.4]

asmitāmātram cittakāraṇam upādāya nirmāṇacittāni karoti, tataḥ sacittāni bhavantīti. § 541

pravṛttibhede prayojakam cittam ekam anek-esām § 542

[YS 4.5]

5. [KAIVALYAPĀDAH]

bahūnām cittānām katham ekacittābhīprāyapuraḥsarā pravṛttir iti sarvacittānām prayojakam cittam ekaṇ nirmimite, tataḥ pravṛttibhedah. § 543

[YS 4.6] **tatra dhyānajam anāśayam** § 544

pañcavidham nirmāṇacittam janmauṣadhimantratapaḥsamādhijāḥ siddhaya iti. tatra yad eva dhyānajam cittam tad evānāśayam tasyaiva nāsty āśayo rāgādipravṛttir nātaḥ puṇyapāpābhisaṁbandhaḥ kṣīṇakleśatvād yogina iti itareṣām tu vidyate karmāśayah. § 545

yataḥ --- § 546

[YS 4.7] **karmāśuklākṛṣṇam yoginas trividham itaresām** § 547

catuṣpadī khalv iyam karmajātih kṛṣṇā śuklakṛṣṇā śuklāśuklākṛṣṇā ceti. tatra kṛṣṇā durātmanām, śuklakṛṣṇā bahiḥsādhanasādhyā. tatra parapīḍānugrahadvāreṇa-
iva karmāśayapracyayaḥ śuklā tapaḥsvādhyāyadhyānavatām. sā hi kevale manasy āyattatvād abahiḥsādhanādhīnā na parān pīḍayitvā bhavati. aśuklākṛṣṇā saṁnyāsinām kṣīṇakleśānām caramadehānām iti tatrāśuklam yogina eva phalasamnyāsād akṛṣṇām cānupādānāt itareṣām tu bhū-
tānām pūrvam eva trividham iti. § 548

[YS 4.8] **tatas tadvipākānuguṇānām evābhivyaktir vā-
sanānām** § 549

tata iti trividhāt karmaṇah, tadvipākānuguṇānām eveti yajjātīyasya karmaṇo yo vipākas tasyānuguṇā yā vāsanāḥ karmavipākam anuśerate tāsām evābhivyaktih. na hi daivam karma vipacyamānam nārakatiryaṇmanuṣyavāsa-
nābhivyaktinimittam saṁbhavati kiṁtu daivānuguṇā evāsyā vāsanā vyajyante nārakatiryaṇmanuṣyesu caivam sa-
mānaś carcaḥ. § 550

[YS 4.9] **jātideśakālavyavahitānām apy ānantaryam sm-
ṛtisamāskārayor ekarūpatvāt** § 551

vṛṣadāmśavipākodayaḥ svavyañjakāñjanābhivyaktaḥ.
sa yadi jātiśatena vā dūradeśatayā vā kalpaśatena vā vyav-

ahitaḥ punaś ca svavyañjakāñjana evodiyād drāg ity evam
 pūrvānubhūtavṛṣadāmśavipākābhisaṁskṛtā vāsanā upā-
 dāya vyajyeta. kasmāt, yato vyavahitānām apy āsām sad-
 ṣām karmābhivyajñakam nimittībhūtam ity ānantaryam
 5 eva. kutaś ca, smṛtisamśkārator ekarūpatvāt yathānubh-
 avās tathā samśkārāḥ. te ca karmavāsanānurūpāḥ yathā
 ca vāsanās tathā smṛtir iti jātideśakālavyavahitebhyah sa-
 mśkārebhyah smṛtiḥ. smṛteś ca punaḥ samśkārā ityevam
 ete smṛtisamśkārāḥ karmāśayavṛttībhavaśād vyajyante
 10 ataś ca vyavahitānām api nimittanaimittikabhāvānucche-
 dād ānantaryam eva siddham iti. § 552

tāsām anāditvam cāśiṣo nityatvāt § 553

[YS 4.10]

tāsām vāsanānām āśiṣo nityatvād anāditvam. ye yam
 ātmāśīr mā na bhūvam bhūyāsam iti. sarvasya dr̄syate sā
 na svābhāvikī. kasmāt jātamātrasya jantor ananubhūtam-
 5 arāṇadharma kasya dveśaduhkhānusmṛtinimitto maraṇa-
 trāsaḥ katham bhavet na ca svābhāvikam vastu nimittam
 upādatte. tasmād anādivāsanānuviddham idam cittam ni-
 mittavaśāt kāścid eva vāsanāḥ prati labhya puruṣasya bho-
 gāyopāvartata iti. § 554

10 ghaṭaprāsādaprādīpakalpam samkocavikāsi cittam śa-
 rīraparimāṇākāramātram ity apare pratipannāḥ tathā cā-
 ntarābhāvāḥ samśāraś ca yukta iti. § 555

vṛttir evāsyā vibhunaś cittasya samkocavikāsinīty āc-
 āryaḥ. tac ca dharmādinimittāpekṣam. nimittam ca dvi-
 15 vidham --- bāhyam ādhyātmikam ca. śarīradisādhanāpe-
 kṣam bāhyam stutidānābhivādanādi, cittamātrādhīnam śr-
 addhādy adhyātmikam. tathā coktam --- ye caite maityā-
 dayo dhyāyinām vihārāś te bāhyasādhananiranugrahātm-
 ānah prakṛṣṭam dharmam abhinirvartayanti. taylor māna-
 20 sam balīyah. katham, jñānavairāgye kenātiśayyete, daṇḍ-
 akāraṇyam ca cittabala vyatirekeṇa śārīreṇa karmanā śū-
 nyam kaḥ kartum utsaheta samudram agastyavad vā pibet.
 § 556

hetuphalāśrayālambanaiḥ samgrhītatvād eśām abhāve tadabhāvāḥ § 557

[YS 4.11]

hetur dharmāt sukham adharmād duḥkham sukhād
 rāgo duḥkhād dveśas tataś ca prayatnas tena manasā vācā
 kāyena vā parispondamānah param anugṛhṇāty upahanti
 vā tataḥ punar dharmādharmau sukhaduḥkhe rāgadveśāv
 iti pravṛttam idam ṣaḍaram samsāracakram. asya ca prati- 5
 kṣaṇam āvartamānasyāvidyā netrī mūlam sarvaklesānām
 ity esa hetuh. phalam tu yam āśritya yasya pratyutpann-
 atā dharmādeḥ, na hy apūrvopajanah. manas tu sādhik-
 āram āśrayo vāsanānām. na hy avasitādhikāre manasi ni-
 rāśrayā vāsanāḥ sthātum utsahante. yad abhimukhībhū- 10
 tam vastu yām vāsanām vyanakti tasyās tadālambanam.
 evam hetuphalāśrayālambanair etaiḥ samgrhītāḥ sarvā vā-
 sanāḥ eṣām abhāve tatsamśrayānām api vāsanānām abhā-
 vah. § 558

nāsty asataḥ saṁbhavah, na cāsti sato vināśa iti dravy- 15
 atvena saṁbhavantyah katham nivartiyante vāsanā iti ---
 § 559

**atītānāgatam svarūpato+asty adhvabhedād
 dharmānām** § 560

[YS 4.12] bhaviṣyadvyaktikam anāgatam anubhūtavyaktikam
 atītam svavyāpāropārūḍham vartamānam, trayam caitad
 vastu jñānasya jñeyam. yadi caitat svarūpato nābhaviṣyan 5
 nedam nirviṣayam jñānam udapatsyata. tasmād atītānā-
 gatam svarūpato+astīti. kiṃca bhogabhāgīyasya vāpava-
 rgabhāgīyasya vā karmanah phalam utpitsu yadi nirupā-
 khyam iti taduddeśena tena nimittena kuśalānuṣṭhānam 10
 na yujyeta. sataś ca phalasya nimittam vartamānīkaraṇe
 samartham nāpūrvopajanane siddham nimittam naimitt-
 ikasya višeṣānugrahaṇam kurute nāpūrvam utpādayatīti.
 § 561

dharmī cānekadharmasvabhāvas tasya cādhvabhed-
 ena dharmāḥ pratyavasthitāḥ na ca yathā vartamānam vy- 15
 aktivišeṣāpannam dravyato+asty evam atītam anāgatam
 ca. katham tarhi, svenaiva vyaṅgyena svarūpeṇānāgatam
 asti. svena cānubhūtavyaktikena svarūpeṇātītam iti varta-
 mānasyaivādhvanaḥ svarūpavyaktir iti na sā bhavaty at-
 ītānāgatayor adhvanoḥ. ekasya cādhvanaḥ samaye dvāv 20

adhvanau dharmisamanvāgatau bhavata eveti nābhūtvā
bhāvas trayāṇām adhvanām iti. § 562

te vyaktasūkṣmā guṇātmānah. § 563

[YS 4.13]

te khalv amī tryadhvano dharmā vartamānā vyaktā-
tmāno+atītānāgatāḥ sūkṣmātmānah ṣaḍaviśeṣarūpāḥ. sa-
rvam idam guṇānām samniveśaviśeṣamātram iti paramā-
5 rthato guṇātmānah. tathā ca śāstrānuśāsanam --- § 564

``

guṇānām paramam rūpam na dṛṣṭipatham
ṛcchati /

yat tu dṛṣṭipatham prāptam tan māyeva
sutucchakam // § 567

" iti. § 568

10 yadā tu sarve guṇāḥ katham ekaḥ śabda ekam indri-
yam iti --- § 569

parināmaikatvād vastutattvam § 570

[YS 4.14]

prakhyākriyāsthitiśilānām guṇānām grahaṇātmakānām
karaṇabhāvenaikah pariṇāmaḥ śrotram indriyam, grāhy-
ātmakānām śabdatanmātrabhāvenaikah pariṇāmaḥ śabdo
5 viṣaya iti, śabdādīnām mūrtisamānajātīyānām ekaḥ pari-
ṇāmaḥ pṛthivīparamāṇus tanmātrāvayavas teṣāṁ caikah
pariṇāmaḥ pṛthivī gaur vṛkṣah parvata ityevamādir bhū-
tāntareṣv api snehausṇyapraṇāmitvāvakāśadānāny upād-
āya sāmānyam ekavikārārambhah samādheyah. § 571

10 nāsty artho vijñānavisahacarah, asti tu jñānam arthavi-
sahacaram svapnādau kalpitam ity anayā diśā ye vastusva-
rūpam apahnuvate jñānaparikalpanāmātram vastu svapn-
aviṣayopamam na paramārthato+astīti ya āhus te tatheti
pratyupasthitam idam svamāhātmyena vastu katham apr-
15 amāṇātmakena vikalpajñānabalena vastusvarūpam utsr-
jya tad evāpalapantaḥ śraddheyavacanāḥ syuh. § 572
kutaś caitad anyāyyam --- § 573

vastusāmye cittabhedāt taylor vibhaktah pa-
nthāḥ § 574

[YS 4.15]

bahucittālambanībhūtam ekam vastu sādhāraṇam, tat khalu naikacittaparikalpitam nāpy anekacittaparikalpitam kiṁtu svapratiṣṭham. katham, vastusāmye cittabhedāt dharmāpekṣam cittasya vastusāmye+api sukhajñānam bhavaty adharmāpekṣam tata eva duḥkhajñānam avidyāpekṣam tata eva mūḍhajñānam samyagdarśanāpekṣam tata eva mādhyasthyajñānam iti. kasya tac cittena parikalpitam. na cānyacittaparikalpitērthenānyasya cittoparāgo yuktaḥ. tasmād vastujñānayor grāhyagrahaṇabhedabhinayor vibhaktah panthāḥ. nānayoḥ samkaragandho+apy astīti. § 575

sāṃkhyapakṣe punar vastu triguṇam calam ca guṇavṛttam iti dharmādinimittāpekṣam cittair abhisam̄badhyate. nimittānurūpasya ca pratyayasyotpadyamānasya tena tenātmanā hetur bhavati. kecid āhuḥ. jñānasahabhūr evārtho bhogyatvāt sukhādivad iti ta etyā dvārā sādhāraṇatvam bādhamānāḥ pūrvottarakṣaneṣu vasturūpam evāpahnuvate. § 576

**na caikacittatantram vastu tadapramāṇakam
tadā kim syāt** § 577

[YS 4.16] [YS 4.16] ekacittatantram ced vastu syāt tadā citte vyagre niruddhe vāsvarūpam eva tenāparāmṛṣṭam anyasyāviṣayībhūtam apramāṇakam agrhītasvabhāvakam kenacit tadānīm kim tat syāt. saṃbadhyamānam ca punaś cittena kuta utpadyeta ye cāsyānupasthitā bhāgāś te cāsyā na syur evam nāsti prṣṭham ity udaram api na gṛhyeta. tasmāt svāntro+arthāḥ sarvapuruṣasādhāraṇāḥ svatantrāṇi ca cittāni pratipuruṣam pravartante tayoh saṃbandhād upalabdhiḥ puruṣasya bhoga iti. § 578

taduparāgāpekṣitvāc cittasya vastu jñātājñātam § 579

[YS 4.17] ayaskāntamaṇikalpā viṣayā ayaḥsadharmaṇam cittam abhisam̄bandhyoparañjayanti. yena ca viṣayeṇoparaktam cittam sa viṣayo jñātas tato+anyah punar ajñātah vastuno jñātājñātasvarūpatvāt pariṇāmi cittam. § 580
yasya tu tad eva cittam viṣayas tasya --- § 581

**sadā jñātāś cittavṛttayas tatprabhoḥ puruṣasy-
āpariṇāmitvāt** § 582

[YS 4.18]

yadi cittavat prabhur api puruṣah pariṇamet tatas ta-
dviṣayāś cittavṛttayah śabdādiviṣayavaj jñātājñātāḥ syuḥ
5 sadājñātatvam tu manasas tatprabhoḥ puruṣasyāpariṇām-
itvam anumāpayati. § 583

syād āśāṅkā cittam eva svābhāsam viṣayābhāsam ca
bhaviṣyatīty agnivat --- § 584

na tat svābhāsam dṛṣyatvāt § 585

[YS 4.19]

yathetarāṇīndriyāṇi śabdādayaś ca dṛṣyatvān na svā-
bhāsāni tathā mano+api pratyetavyam. na cāgnir atra dṛ-
ṣṭāntah na hy agnir ātmāsvarūpam aprakāśam prakāśay-
5 ati prakāśaś cāyam prakāśyaprakāśakasamyojye dṛṣṭāḥ. na
ca svarūpamātre+asti samyogah kiṃca svābhāsam cittam
ity agrāhyam eva kasyacid iti śabdārthaḥ. tadyathā svātm-
apratiṣṭham ākāśam na parapratīṣṭham ity arthaḥ svabu-
ddhipracārapratisamvedanāt sattvānām pravṛttir dṛṣyate
10 --- kruddho+aham bhīto+aham amutra me rāgo+amutra
me krodha iti etat svabuddher agraḥane na yuktam iti. § 586

ekasamaye cobhayānavadhāraṇam § 587

[YS 4.20]

na caikasmin kṣaṇe svapararūpāvadhāraṇam yuktam,
kṣaṇikavādino yad bhavaṇam saiva kriyā tad eva ca kāra-
kam ity abhyupagamah. § 588

5 syān matih svaraṇiruddham cittam cittāntareṇa sam-
anantareṇa gr̥hyata iti --- § 589

**cittāntaradr̥ṣye buddhibuddher atiprasaṅgah
smṛtisam̥karaś ca** § 590

[YS 4.21]

atha cittam cec cittāntareṇa gr̥hyeta buddhibuddhiḥ
kena gr̥hyate, sāpy anyayā sāpy anyayety atiprasaṅgah.
5 smṛtisam̥karaś ca, yāvanto buddhibuddhīnām anubhavās
tāvatyah smṛtayah prāpnuvanti. tatsam̥karāc caikasmṛtya-
navadhāraṇam ca syād ity evam buddhipratisamvedinām
puruṣam apalapadbhir vaināśikaiḥ sarvam evākulikṛtam.
te tu bhoktrsvarūpam yatra kvacana kalpayanto na nyāy-
10 ena samgacchante kecit tu sattvamātram api parikalpyāsti

sa sattvo ya etān pañca skandhān nikṣipyānyāmś ca pratis-
am̄dadadhātīty uktvā tata eva punas trasyanti. tathā skandh-
ānām mahannirvedāya virāgāyānūtpādāya praśāntaye gu-
ror antike brahmacaryam cariṣyāmīty uktvā sattvasya pu-
nah sattvam evāpahnuvate. sāmkhyayogādayas tu pravā-
dāh svaśabdena puruṣam eva svāminām cittasya bhoktā-
ram upayantīti. § 591

katham --- § 592

**citer apratisam̄kramāyās tadākārāpattau sva-
[YS 4.22] buddhisam̄vedanam** § 593

apariṇāminī hi bhoktr̄saktir apratisam̄kramā ca pariṇ-
āminy arthe pratisam̄krānteva tadvṛttim anupatati. tasyāś
ca prāptacaitanyopagrahasvarūpāyā buddhivṛtter anukā-
rimātratayā buddhivṛttyaviśiṣṭā hi jñānavṛttir ākhyāyate.
tathā coktam. § 594

``

na pātālam na ca vivaram girīṇām
naivāndhakāram kukṣayo nodadhīnām /
guhā yasyām nihitām brahma sāsvatām
buddhivṛttim aviśiṣṭām kavayo vedayante § 597
" iti. § 598
ataś caitad abhyupagamyate --- § 599

[YS 4.23] draṣṭṛdr̄śyoparaktam cittaṁ sarvārtham § 600

mano hi mantavyenārthenoparaktam, tat svayam ca
viṣayatvād viṣayinā puruṣeṇātmīyayā vṛttyābhisaṁba-
ddham, tad etac cittam eva draṣṭṛdr̄śyoparaktam viṣaya-
viṣayinirbhāsam cetanācetanasvarūpāpannam viṣayātma-
kam apy aviṣayātmakam ivācetanām cetanam iva sphātik-
amaṇikalpam sarvārtham ity ucyate. § 601

tad anena cittasārūpyeṇa bhrāntāḥ kecit tad eva ceta-
nam ity āhuḥ apare cittamātram evedam sarvam nāsti kh-
alv ayam gavādir ghaṭādiś ca sakāraṇo loka iti. anukampa-
nīyās te. kasmāt, asti hi teṣām bhrāntibījām sarvarūpākāra-
nirbhāsam cittam iti. samādhiprajñāyām prajñeyo+arthāḥ
pratibimbībhūtas tasyālambanībhūtatvād anyaḥ. sa ced

arthaś cittamātram syāt kathaṁ prajñayaiva prajñārūpam
 avadhāryeta. tasmāt pratibimbībhūto+arthah prajñāyām
 yenāvadhāryate sa puruṣa iti. evam grahītrgrahaṇagrāhy-
 asvarūpacittabhedāt trayam apy etaj jātitah pravibhajante
 5 te samyagdarśinas tair adhigataḥ puruṣah. § 602
 kutaś ca --- § 603

tad asamkhyeyavāsanābhiś citram api parā-
rtham sam̄hatyakāritvāt § 604

[YS 4.24]

tad etac cittam asamkhyeyābhir vāsanābhir eva citrīk-
 ṛtam api parārtham parasya bhogāpavargārtham na svā-
 5 rtham sam̄hatyakāritvād gr̄havat. sam̄hatyakāriṇā cittena
 na svārthena bhavitavyam, na sukhacittam sukhārtham na
 jñānam jñānārtham ubhayam apy etat parārtham. yaś ca
 bhogenāpavargeṇa cārthenārthavān puruṣah sa eva paro
 na paraḥ sāmānyamātram. yat tu kiṃcit param sāmānya-
 10 mātram svarūpeṇodāhared vaināśikas tat sarvam sam̄ha-
 tyakāritvāt parārtham eva syāt. yaś tv asau paro višeṣaḥ sa
 na sam̄hatyakārī puruṣa iti. § 605

višeṣadarśina ātmabhāvabhāvanānivṛttiḥ § 606

[YS 4.25]

yathā prāvṛṣi tr̄ṇāṅkurasyodbhedenā tadbiṣṭasattānum-
 īyate tathā mokṣamārgaśravaṇena yasya romaharṣāśru-
 pātau dṛsyete tatrāpy asti višeṣadarśanabījam apavarga-
 5 bhāgīyam karmābhinirvartitam ity anumīyate. tasyātmā-
 bhāvabhāvanā svābhāvikī pravartate yasyābhāvād idam
 uktam svabhāvam muktvā doṣādyeṣām pūrvapakṣe rucir
 bhavaty aruciś ca nirṇaye bhavati tatrātmabhāvabhāvanā
 ko+aham āśam katham aham āśam kiṃsvid idam katha-
 10 msvid idam ke bhaviṣyāmaḥ katham vā bhaviṣyāma iti. sā
 tu višeṣadarśino nivartate kutaḥ cittasyaivaiṣa vicitraḥ pa-
 riṇāmaḥ, puruṣas tv asatyām avidyāyām śuddhaś cittadh-
 armair aparāmṛṣṭa iti. tato+asyātmabhāvabhāvanā kuśala-
 sya nivartata iti. § 607

tadā vivekanimnam kaivalyaprāgbhāram ci-
ttam § 608

[YS 4.26]

tadānīm yad asya cittam viṣayaprāgbhāram ajñānanimnam āsīt tad asyānyathā bhavati kaivalyaprāgbhāram vi-
vekajñānanimnam iti. § 609

[YS 4.27] **tacchidreṣu pratyayāntarāṇi saṃskārebhyah**
§ 610

pratyayavivekanimnasya sattvapuruṣānyatākhyātimā-
trapravāhiṇāś cittasya tacchidreṣu pratyayāntarāṇy asmīti
vā mameti vā jānāmīti vā na jānāmīti vā. kutah, kṣiyamāṇ-
abījebhyah pūrvasamāskārebhya iti. § 611

[YS 4.28] **hānam eṣām kleśavad uktam** § 612

yathā kleśā dagdhabījabhāvā na prarohasamarthā bha-
vanti tathā jñānāgninā dagdhabījabhāvah pūrvasamāskāro
na pratyayaprasūr bhavati. jñānasamāskārās tu cittādhikā-
rasamāptim anuśerata iti na cintyante. § 613

[YS 4.29] **prasāṃkhyāne+apy akusīdasya sarvathā viv-
ekakhyāter dharmameghah samādhiḥ** § 614

yadāyam brāhmaṇah prasāṃkhyāne+apy akusīdas tato+api
na kiṃcit prārthayate. tatrāpi viraktasya sarvathā viveka-
khyātir eva bhavatīti samāskārabījakṣayān nāsyā pratyay-
āntarāṇy utpadyante tadāsyā dharmamegho nāma samā-
dhir bhavati. § 615

[YS 4.30] **tataḥ kleśakarmanivṛttih** § 616

tallābhād avidyādayah kleśāḥ samūlakāṣām kaśitā bh-
avanti kuśalākuśalāś ca karmāśayāḥ samūlaghātām hatā
bhavanti. kleśakarmanivṛttau jīvann eva vidvān vimukto
bhavati kasmāt, yasmād viparyayo bhavasya kāraṇam. na
hi kṣīṇaviparyayah kaścit kenacit kvacij jāto dṛṣyata iti. § 617

[YS 4.31] **tadā sarvāvaraṇamalāpetasya jñānasyānantyāj
jñeyam alpam** § 618

sarvaiḥ kleśakarmāvaraṇair vimuktasya jñānasyāna-
ntyām bhavati. āvarakeṇa tamasābhībhūtam āvṛtam ana-
ntām jñānasattvām kvacid eva rajasā pravartitam udghā-
ṭitām grahaṇasamarthām bhavati. tatra yadā sarvair āva-

raṇamalair apagatam bhavati tadā bhavaty asyānanyam.
jñānasyānanyāj jñeyam alpam sampadyate yathākāśe kh-
adyotah. yatreḍam uktam --- § 619

5 andho maṇim avidhyat tam anaṅgulir āvayat /
agrīvas tam pratyamuñcat tam
ajihvo+abhyapūjayat // § 622
" iti. § 623

**tataḥ kṛtārthānāṁ pariṇāmakramasamāptir
guṇānām** § 624

[YS 4.32]

5 tasya dharmameghasyodayāt kṛtārthānāṁ guṇānām
pariṇāmakramah parisamāpyate na hi kṛtabhogāpavargāḥ
parisamāptakramāḥ kṣaṇam apy avasthātum utsahante.
§ 625

atha ko+ayam kramo nāmeti --- § 626

**kṣaṇapratiyogī pariṇāmāparāntanirgrāhyaḥ kr-
amah** § 627

[YS 4.33]

5 kṣaṇānantaryātmā pariṇāmasyāparāntenāvasānena gr-
hyate kramah na hy ananubhūtakramakṣaṇā purāṇatā va-
strasyānte bhavati nityeṣu ca kramo dṛṣṭah. § 628

dvayī ceyam nityatā kūṭasthanityatā pariṇāminityatā
ca. tatra kūṭasthanityatā puruṣasya. pariṇāminityatā guṇ-
ānām. yasmin pariṇāmyamāne tattvam na vihanyate tan-
nityam ubhayasya ca tattvānabhīhātān nityatvam. tatra
10 guṇadharmeṣu buddhyādiṣu pariṇāmāparāntanirgrāhyaḥ
kramo labdhaparyavasāno nityeṣu dharmiṣu gunēṣv al-
abdhaparyavasānah. kūṭasthanityeṣu svarūpamātraprati-
ṣṭheṣu muktapuruṣeṣu svarūpāstītā krameṇaivānubhūy-
ata iti tatrāpy alabdhaparyavasānah śabdapr̥ṣṭhenāstikri-
15 yām upādāya kalpita iti. § 629

athāsyā saṃsārasya sthityā gatyā ca guneṣu vartamāna-
syāsti kramasamāptir na veti. avacanīyam etat katham asti
praśna ekāntavacanīyah sarvo jāto mariṣyatīti om bhoḥ iti.
§ 630

atha sarvo mṛtvā janisyata iti vibhajyavacanīyam etat.
pratyuditakhyātih kṣīnatrṣṇah kuśalo na janisyata itaras tu
janisyate. tathā manusyajātih śreyasī na vā śreyasīty evam
pariprṣṭe vibhajya vacanīyah praśnah paśūn adhikṛtya śre-
yasī devān ṛṣīmś cādhikṛtya neti. ayam tv avacanīyah pra- 5
śnah saṃsāro+ayam antavān athānanta iti. kuśalasyāsti sa-
ṃsārakramasamāptir netarasyeti anyatarāvadhāraṇe do-
ṣah tasmād vyākaraṇīya evāyam praśna iti. § 631

guṇādhikārakramasamāptau kaivalyam uktam tatsva-
rūpam avadhāryate --- § 632

5

10

puruṣārthaśūnyānām guṇānām pratiprasa-
vah kaivalyam svarūpapratiṣṭhā vā citiśaktir iti
§ 633

[YS 4.34]

kṛtabhogāpavargānām puruṣārthaśūnyānām yaḥ pr-
atiprasavah kāryakāraṇātmakānām guṇānām tat kaiva- 5
lyam, svarūpapratiṣṭhā punar buddhisattvānabhisam̄ba-
ndhāt puruṣasya citiśaktir eva kevalā, tasyāḥ sadā tathai-
vāvasthānam kaivalyam iti. § 634
iti śrīpātañjale sāṃkhyapravacane yogaśāstre vyāsabhāṣye
kaivalyapādaś caturthah 4.

5

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    <title type="main">Pātañjalayogaśāstra</title>
    <title type="sub">Yogasūtra with Bhāṣya</title>
    <title type="sub">A SARIT edition</title>
    <author>Patañjali</author>
    <respStmt>
      <persName>Philipp Maas</persName>
      <resp>Creation of machine-readable version and
        ↳ proof-reading.</resp>
    </respStmt>
  </titleStmt>
  <publicationStmt>
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<date>2013-2016</date>

<idno xml:id="id-2013-03-05">2013-03-05</idno>

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<notesStmt>

<note>Pātañjalayogaśāstra (Yogasūtra with Bhāṣya) transcribed by
→ Philipp Maas from the Āgāśe
1904 Ānandāśrama edition.</note>

</notesStmt>

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<bibl>

<ti->

→ tle>Vā‚ca‚spa‚ti‚mi‚śra‚vi‚ra&

→ Pātañjalayogaśūtrāṇi. tathā
bhojadēvaviracitājamārtāṇḍābhīdhaṛttisametāni
→ pātañjalayogaśūtrāṇi.
sūtrapāṭhasūtravarṇānukramasūcībhīyām ca sanāthīkṛtāni ...
→ Kāśinātha Śāstrī Āgāśe ity
etaiḥ samśodhitam.</title>

<editor>Kāśinātha Śāstrī Āgāśe</editor>

<publisher>Ānandāśramamudraṇālaye</publisher>

<pubPlace>Punyākhyapattane</pubPlace>

<date>1904</date>

<note>Ānandāśrama Sanskrit Series no. 47</note>

<note>The transcription below excludes the commentary of
→ Bhojadēva, the sūtrapāṭha and
indexes.</note>

</bibl>

</sourceDesc>

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<encodingDesc>

<p>The edition from which this e-text was transcribed was printed in
→ the Devanāgarī script.
The electronic text below is in a lossless transliteration using the Latin
→ alphabet. The
transliteration scheme used is the IAST (<ref ta-
→ rget="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/International_Alphabet_of_Sanskrit_Translitera-
→ tion</ref>). IAST
→ differs in small ways
from ISO 15919, but is preferred by most working Sanskrit scholars.
→ Conversion of this file
to ISO 15919 can be achieved by performing the following
→ replacements throughout the file :

```

<code> r -&gt; r and m -&gt; m </code>
</p>
<p>Word division is marked with a space, where sandhi allows, not
↪ with sandhi-akṣaras or
conjunct glyphs as in Devanāgarī (i.e., "ity evam" not "ityevam".)
↪ </p>
<p>Initial vowel elision for avagraha is reversed and marked with a +
↪ sign : e.g.,
"prathamo+adhyāyah" </p>
</encodingDesc>
<revisionDesc>
<change who="Philipp Maas" when="2013">
<persName>Philipp Maas</persName>: Compared his own
data input with the e-text created by Muneo Tokunaga, for the
↪ purpose of eliminating typing
errors.</change>
<change who="Dominik Wujastyk" when="2013-01-16">
<persName>Dominik Wujastyk</persName>:
Converted document from MS Word to TEI-encoded XML. </change>
<change who="Dominik Wujastyk" when="2013-01-16">
<persName>Dominik Wujastyk</persName>:
Distinguished segmentation of sūtras and bhāṣya. Processed the sutra
↪ numbers into xml :id
counters in attributes. Tidied up the encoding in many ways.
↪ </change>
<change when="2013-03-03" who="Dominik Wujastyk">Changed all
↪ the seg markup to div markup, and
type="bhāṣya" to type="commentary" to take advantage of the css
↪ styling for the
text/commentary distinction.</change>
<change when="2014-07-24" who="Dominik Wujastyk">Added
↪ another set of div markers enclosing
the sūtra+bhāṣya text groups. Previously, Philologic would only
↪ display either sūtra or
bhāṣya, but not both. This will allow Philologic to display the whole
↪ unit as a unit. Also
tidied up some details ; added type="pāda" to the top level
↪ divisions.</change>
<change when="2015-03-23" who="Andrew Ollett">Replaced 02bc
↪ with 0027.</change>
<change when="2016-07-15" who="Dominik Wujastyk">Put the sutra
↪ numbering into label
tags</change>
<change when="2016-07-15" who="Dominik Wujastyk">Refactored
↪ the text to follow example 3 of
the SARIT simple guidelines, i.e., putting each sutra+bhāṣya into a
↪ div element, each sutra
in a quote element and each paragraph of bhāṣya in a paragraph
↪ element.</change>

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</revisionDesc>
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